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THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

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VOL. 36. EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 9, 1902. NO. 46.

Hour of Meeting Changed.

Notice is hereby given to the members of C. M. B. A. that the meeting hour has been changed from nine o'clock to eight o'clock.

Will Visit Old Mexico.

Henry Auchu, of this place, a member of the firm C.B. Howard Co.,of Emporium, accompanies a party of prominent lumbermen to Old Mexico to examine an extensive purchase made by his firm and other capitalists. They leave Williamsport Jan. 15th and expect to be absent one month, returning via Cuba. They will leave by special cars.

Dinner Party.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Julian entertained a company of friends at a dinner party New Year's day. Covers were placed for fourteen and the dinner served in seven courses was a most elegant and elaborate one. The table decorations and favors were pink and white roses. Their guests thoroughly enjoyed the luxurious appointments of their beautiful home and are full of enthusiastic praise of their genial host and hostess.

Dr. A. A. Willits.

The large audience that heard Dr. Willits lecture Dec. 27th, was given a treat. "On the Wing" was his subject, and as was anticipated, it was an eloquent description of his European travels, delivered in strong, resonant voice, and with no small degree of of dramatic action. Running through it was a vein of chaste and delightful humor that kept his auditors in a most agreeable mood and made them sorry when the beautiful peroration brought to an end their "Summer's flight across the Sea."

Remedy for Smallpox.

A very high authority speaking of smallpox cases says: "I am willing to stake my reputation as a public man if the worst cases of smallpox cannot be cured in three days simply by cream of tartar. This is the sure cure and never failing remedy: One ounce of cream of tartar dissolved in a pint of boiling water, to be drank when cold, at intervals. It can be taken at any time, and is a preventative as well as a curative. It is known to have cured in 100,000 cases without failure. I have myself restored hundreds by this means. It never leaves a mark, never causes blindness and prevents tedious lingering."—Ex.

Violin Recital.

Miss Grace A. Walker's class in violin gave a Recital at her home, on West Fourth street, Saturday evening, Dec. 28th, in the presence of a number of invited friends, all of whom enjoyed the treat and were gratified that the advancement of the class was so marked. After the following program dainty refreshments were served:

Trio.
L. Shuberth. Peasants March
1st Violins, Frank Dodson, George Mankey,
2nd Violin, Grace A. Walker.
A Scotch Melody, "Long, Long Ago"
A. Vonsooff, Russian National Hymn
Magdaline Mankey.
Charles Dancla, 5th air varie
Mazie Gallagher.
Duet.
a Haydn, Austrian National Hymn
b J von Blumenthal, Minuet
Leon Walker, Eddie Baldwin.
Theo. Herman, (Petite Romance
1 (Divertisment.
George Mankey.
Victor Hollaender, "At the Feir"
Eddie Baldwin.
Duet.
Pleyel, Duo No. 3
1st Violin, Mazie Gallagher,
2nd Violin, Grace A. Walker.
Otto K. Schill, Star Spangled Banner
Frank Dodson. Waltz, Op, 3, No: 3
F. Thome, Simple Aveue
Mazie Gallagher
Victor Hollaender, Gavotte
Leon Walker.
C Bohm, Bolero
Mazie Gallagher.
Duet.
Pleyel Duo. No. 3
Mazie Gallagher, 1st violin,
Grace A. Walker. 2nd violin.

We Don't Know Much

about other people's business, it keeps us too busy to attend to our own, but we do know that our men in the woods don't seem to care for a real fancy stripped heavy winter underwear, they seem to want something plain and sober. Now, we have no plain and sober underwear left, but we have forty dozen fancy stripped winter underwear and we are not going to tell you what it costs us, but we are going to tell you that it will cost you 23c a garment or 45c a suit. We also made a miscalculation on the amount of good mackinaw coats we would sell. We did not have enough $5.00 coats, and ran short of $2.00 coats, but we did have a lot of $2.75 and $3.50 coats on hand when we took stock the first of this week, but we do not want to have them the first of next week, and the only way we can be sure of getting rid these coats is to mark them $1.50, $1.75 $2.00 There might be a few ladies in the other department who would be interested in outing flannel at 6½c. If there are, and we have any left when they come in we would be glad to give them to them. Cash only always

W. D. JOHNSON.

Zinc and Grinding Make
Devoe Lead and Zinc Paint wear twice as long as lead and oil mixed by hand. tf

Cochran—Overton.

The marriage of Miss MARY E. COCHRAN to DR. JAMES BERTRAND OVERTON, of Jacksonville, Ill., on Thursday, Dec. 26, 1901, took place at the residence of Hon. J. W. Cochran, Ashland, Wis. The bride formerly resided in Emporium, where she is greatly respected. The following from the Ashland News will interest many old friends:

A trace of romance runs through the make up of each one of us and the faintest rumor of a wedding interests us immediately, doubly so when one of the contracting parties is a well known and tried friend, so I am going to tell you all about this beautiful wedding The hour for the ceremony was four o'clock and none of us were tardy.

Entering the hall we noted the stair case solidly wreathed in holly and smilax while at a side table a bevy of young society buds fluttered about the punch bowl dispensing its contents to all who thirsted; upstairs the opera house orchestra played the music which makes us glad or sad as the mood may be.

Entering the front parlor we were welcomed by Mrs. W. G. Sanders and Mrs. E. J. Cochran. This room was in green and pink, smilax and roses plentifully interspersed with ribbon. The back parlor was done in green and white, the bay window being a perfect bridal bower of palms and white roses. The color scheme in the library was supplied by the magnificient Poinsetta, whose crimson flowers mingled with the great quantity of Alabama smilax gave the room a delightfully southern appearance. In the dining room a great bank of white roses with pink shaded candlelabra decorated the table at which the bridal party should partake of lunch. At all the door ways hung portieres of smilax and roses looped gracefully back with ribbons, the whole forming a picture to be long remembered.

Four o'clock rang out the silver chimes of the great clock in the hall. The orchestra played softly the wedding march and the bridal procession came slowly down the stairs headed by the officiating clergyman.

Following him was Mrs. E. J. Cochran, matron of honor, attended by Mr. Percy Cochran, brother of the bride, who in his uniform gave a military touch to the picture. Then the bride leaning on the arm of her father. As she took her place by the side of the waiting groom a solemn hush fell over the scene, then the clergyman read in a most impressive manner the old but ever new Episcopal service, and all realized that it was no light matter for the father to give away the daughter, who has been so much to him, sending her away on untried paths. But the ceremony is over and all eagerly congratulate the happy couple.

The bride was simply charming in an exquisite gown of ivory satin, lavishly decorated with rose point lace and panne velvet, a billowy train, and over all the shimmery veil. She wore a beautiful pendant of sapphire surrounded by diamonds, gift of the groom. A shower of dozen of lillies of the valley completed a costume at once elegant and chaste.

The matron of honor, beautifully gowned in white silk and lace, carrying a huge bouquet of lillies of the valley and English violets, looked every inch her part.

The ceremony was performed by Dr. Smythe of Delafield Military Academy, an old friend of both bride and groom. A number of his scholars reside in our city and were present in their uniforms.

Dr. Overton occupies the chair of biology in the University of Illinois, situated in Jacksonville, Ill., where they will make their home in a residence already prepared for them. Miss Cochran has for the last ten years made her home in Ashland and is one of our city's most popular young ladies. Her departure from our midst will cause a wide spread feeling of regret. Both rich and poor have shared in her thoughtful kindness. That which she has done here she will do elsewhere. Social circles into which she goes will receive in her a valuable addition and we bespeak for her a warm welcome in her new future residence.

A delicious lunch was served, the health of the couple drank in sparkling champagne, and amid showers of rice they have gone

Now we look over the gifts numerous and costly for the most part but mingled with them are some which show that while the givers were not rich in this world's goods, their hearts beat none the less warmly for the one who was leaving. The gifts are too many to particularize extensively. That of the father being a magnificent chest of silver, a check for five thousand dollars and five bonds of one thousand each. An elegant hall clock from her uncle and cut glass, silver, pictures, and dozens of other beautiful articles, which anyone might envy betokened the esteem in which she is held.

Among the out of town guests were Dr. and Mrs. Smythe of Delafield, Burton Nicholson of Chicago who was best man, Rev. Mr. White of Freeport, Ill., and Miss Rebecca Knight of Milwaukee.

Those receiving were Mrs. W. G. Sanders and Mr. E. J. Cochran. The ladies assisting were Mrs. Merrill, Mrs. Dunham and Mrs. Latimer. The decorations were done by Fleischman of Chicago.

Card of Thanks.

The undersigned take this method of returning their thanks to their neighbors and friends for the many acts of kindness and sympathy extend them during their late affliction.

MR. AND MRS. DOWNEY,
FRANK R. DOWNEY.

Religious.

There will be preaching services in the M. E. Church, at Sizerville, next Sunday at 3 o'clock, p. m.

R. S. OYLER, Pastor.

Disastrous Fire.

Roulette was visited by a disastrous fire last Sunday, destroying the business part of the town, only one store remaining. Loss $30,000. The cause of the fire is supposed to have been caused by over pressure of gas.

Baptist Church Notes.

Preaching morning and evening by the pastor, Rev. W. A Pugsley. Morning subject "Repentence," evening topic "A Man with one Creed." Bible school at the close of morning worship, Chas. E. Crandall superintendent. Y. P. S. C. E. 6 o'clock. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening 7:30. All welcome.

Eye Specialist.

Prof. W. H. Budine, the well known Eye Specialist, of Binghamton, N. Y., will be at R. H. Hirsch's jewelry store, Emporium, Pa, Jan. 10th and 11th, where he will test and examine the eyes free. All work guaranteed. Remember Prof. Budine guarantees to cure all cases of headache caused by weak eyes or astigmatism. New lenses ground to fit old frames.

Florida Weather.

The PRESS is in receipt of a postal from W. H. Cramer, who is spending the winter at DeLand, Fla., accompanied by his wife and daughter. He says "the weather is delightful here at present, the thermometer registering 73° to 81° in the shade—regular August weather. We are all quite well, but caught a cold on our way down."

Election of Post Officers.

At the last meeting of Lieut. D. W. Taggart Post, No. 241, the follwing officers were elected for the ensuing year: Commander, Joshua Bair; Senior Vice Commander, E. C. Davey; Sergeant, George W. Barker; Chaplain, M. M. Larrabee; Quartermaster, J. O. Brookbank; Officer of the Day, A. O. Swartwood; Officer of the Guard, Dan'l Downey.

Wesleyan Methodist.

The third quarterly meeting of the Wesleyan Methodist church, Cameron circuit, will be held. D. V., next Saturday and Sunday, Jan. 11th, 12th, 1902, at the church in Rich Valley. Services as follows: Saturday, 2:30 and 7:00 p. m. Love-feast Sunday morning at 9:30, followed by preaching and the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper. Evening service, at 7:30 p. m. All are cordially invited.

W. READETT, Pastor.

Election of Officers.

W. C. No. 136, P. O. S. of A. of Sinnamahoning, Pa., held their annual election, Saturday evening, Dec. 28th, 1901 and the following officers were elected: P. Pres., N. H. Drum; Pres., C. E. Shafer; V. Pres., J. W. Wykoff; M. of F. C., A. B. Beldin; Recording Sec'y. Geo. D. Mead; F. S., J. H. Drum; Treas., J. R. Batchelder; Con., J. H. Swartz; Inspector, W. J. Mead; Guard, A. E. Woster; Trustees, H. M. Fry, H. B. Lightner, J. L. Logue; Chaplain, G. L. Piper; Ass't. Sec'y., H. M. Fry. Camp No. 136, is the largest Camp in this district, with a membership of 94.

The Big-Hearted Woodsmen.

The "Crew" from Johnston's Five Mile shingle mill, at North Creek, had a fine surprise awaiting Rev. and Mrs. Readett last Sunday morning, when they went to fill their regular appointment. It was no less than a nice purse raised among them as a Christmas present for the dominie and his wife. To add to the pleasure of the gift they had turned out, rank and file, to the morning service, making a nice addition to the regular congregation.

Such tokens of good will and appreciation go a great way toward cheering and encouraging any pastor in his labor of love.

New Year's Reception.

The New Year's reception in the parlors of the First Methodist Episcopal church New Year's eve was a pleasing event in the social life of that denomination. Fully two hundred persons were present, and heartily entered into the glad spirit of the hour. The following program of music was pleasingly rendered: Piano solo Miss Nellie Lingle, vocal solo Miss Grace Lloyd, vocal duet Misses Lillian Heilman and Lena Healy, piano duet Misses Eva and Iva Leet, violin solo Miss Grace Walker vocal solo Mrs. Grant Walker-Egbert. At 10 o'clock a light lunch of coffee, sandwiches and cake was served and the evening concluded with a general interchange of greetings for a happy, peaceful and prosperous New Year.

Council Proceedings.

Regular Meeting Borough Council, Emporium, Pa., January 6th, 1902.

Present:—Messrs. Balcom, Hacket, Catlin, Schweikart, Murphy, Marshall Nelson. Absent:—Messrs. Shafer, Howard.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

On motion by Mr. Catlin seconded by Mr. Schweikart, the following bills were ordered paid:

Robt. Clark, freight and cartage		$ 1 50
C. G. Catlin, Expressage paid		65
St. Marys Gas Co., Gas for Dec. 1901		23 65
D. C. Hayes, freight and cartage		49
Thos. Lyons, Draying		50
A. F. Brown Co., Electrical supplies		7 47
Geo. Metzger, Jr., " "		53 25
Strong & Hammond, " "		19 50
Williamsport Electrical Co. "		2 63
Atlantic Refining Co. " "		3 50
Emporium Machine Co., Invoice		6 56
T. N. Hacket. "		20 85
Walker Howard & Co., "		60 47
Walker Howard & Co., "		23 83
Haupt & Hauber "		6 90
S. E. Murry & Co. "		21 87
Thos. Cavanaugh, work on streets		75
John Montgomery, " " "		3 00
John Hogan, " " "		6 00
Jas. Davin, " " "		4 88
John Welsh, " " "		6 00
Robt. Robinson, " " "		6 75
Michael Welsh, " " "		75
Kit Dalphy, " " "		5 83
William Miller, " " "		75

Petition for additional electric lights in the east ward was read and moved by Hacket, seconded by Schweikart, that members of council from east ward be added to Electric Light Committee for the purpose of putting in lights as authorized by former resolution of Council. Mr. Hacket to pay expense and not render his bill until next year.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Hacket, seconded by Mr. Marshall, that I. M. Reynolds be exonerated from the payment of dog tax to borough for 1901.—Carried.

Moved by Hacket, seconded by Schweikart, that a committee be appointed to meet the County Commissioners and Board of Health and make arrangments for the construction of a pest house.—Carried. Messrs. Hacket, Murphy and Schweikart appointed committee.

Moved by. Mr. Hacket, seconded by Mr. Nelson, that Street Commissioner be instructed to require property owners to trim shade trees to twelve feet above street and side walk.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Hacket, seconded by Schweikart that Borough attorneys be instructed to draft an ordinance to amend the present ordinance so that snow etc., shall be removed from side walks within six hours daylight after falling.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Hacket, seconded by Schweikart, that Band be notified to take proper care of City Hall or cease using same.—Carried.

On motion the Council then adjourned.

C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Sec'y.

Mortuary Report for 1901.

Total number of deaths in Emporium borough during the year 1901, 32, from the following causes: Angina Pectoris, 1; Apoplexy, 2; Asphyxiation, 1; Bright's Disease, 1; Cancer, 1; Cerebral Meningitis, 1; Cholera Infantum, 1; Epilepsy, 1; Heart failure, 2; Inanition, 1; Killed by cars, 3; Maliginant Ulcer, 1; Old Age, 4; Paralysis, 3, Pneumonia, 6; Purpura Haemarhagic, 1; Suicide, 1: Typhoid Fever, 1. The death rate seems unusually large, but some of them were people who were only temporary residents, four were accidental and four old age.

ALBRA W. BAKER,
Jan. 3, 1902. Health Officer.

Hurteau-Wheeler.

MISS EDITH B. HURTEAU, of this place, and MR. JOSEPH L. WHEELER, formerly of Emporium but now residing at Rural Valley, Indiana county, where he is engaged in business, were quietly married at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. E. M. Hurteau, Dec. 26th, by Rev. Mr. J. M. Robertson, Rector of Emmanuel Episcopal church, only the family and a few intimate friends being in attendance. Mr. and Mrs. Wheeler departed on the early train for the north on a short trip, taking up their residence at Rural Valley. Both have many warm friends in Emporium who wish them well. The bride has resided in Emporium all her life and her happy disposition made hosts of friends. Mr. Wheeler honorable and respected, kind hearted and devoted we believe will make a model husband. It is a happily mated match and the PRESS extends its best wishes.

Leg Broken.

Last Tuesday Robt. Willetts, while attempting to handle an iron acid tank at Climax Works had the misfortune to have it fall on him, breaking and severly cutting his left leg. He was taken to his residence on Cherry street and Dr. Smith called. He is doing as well as could be expected.

County Treasurer Yothers.

County Treasurer Walter Yothers assumed charge of the office last Monday, receiving the congratulations of all visitors to the Hill. He will give the office his personal attention.

Paint for Looks.
Use Devoe lead and zinc, and don't wait for your paint to wear out.
Paint for looks. Devoe.

BRIEF MENTION.

The Franklin House, St. Marys, was very seriously damaged by fire, Dec. 28.

Small pox scares are flying in every town. Emporium has escaped the dreaded disease thus far.

Fifteen passengers were killed and thirty injured by collision in New York city Park Avenue tunnel, yesterday.

State College Thespians will visit Emporium, Feb. 8th, 1902. The troupe numbers twenty-one. Particulars later.

The CAMERON COUNTY PRESS came to hand last week in the form of a sixteen page prper, which is a credit to the publisher, as well as to the town it represents.—Austin Republican.

The Emporium PRESS distributed sixty-eight turkeys to the widows of Emporium for their Christmas dinner. The treat was highly appreciated by the ladies of that place. It was a commendable act for the PRESS.—Austin Republican.

The residence of J. Henry Cochran, Williamsport, was entered by burglars on New Year's while the family and invited guests were eating dinner. Several thousand dollars worth of diamonds and jewels were taken.

Some changes in railroad clerkships were announced last week. H. L. Baird, formerly extra agent on Middle division, gets a permanent agency at Wilcox; James A. Dowling of the Renovo freight office, succeeds Mr. Baird as extra agent, Thos. McCann of Emporium succeeds Will McCoy as baggage agent, the latter having been promoted to fill Mr. Dowling's vacancy as clerk in the freight office.—Renovo Record.

Last evening a party of friends gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Kackenmeister, it being the seventh anniversary of their marriage. The party was gotten up as a surprise to "Jack", but we have been unable to learn whether he was very much surprised, as his eyes are always found open for things in the line of surprises. Those who were present report a fine supper and pleasant time generally, indulged in until a late hour, after which they all departed for their homes.

Sixty-eight turkeys were distributed to the widows of Emporium, says the PRESS, whose bountiful benevolence furnished the birds. It is inferred that there are sixty-eight live widows in Emporium boro, which does not speak well for the old bachelors of that town who are shirking a plain duty in defiance of the scriptural injunction and with selfish indifference to the unequal distribution of the burden of taxation for turkeys.—Potter Journal.

What's the use of buying guns to hunt with? When you find a bear send for B. J. Collins and his club. Last Friday a week he encountered a she bear and two cubs and killed one of the cubs, as stated in our last issue. Last Wednesday he treed the other cub and then knocked it off the tree and the dog held it till he came down and finished it with his club. They have since been looking for the old bear and probably before another paper is issued they will have made it bite the dust. It's the bare truth we're telling you.—Driftwood Gazette.

Barclay Bro's. the extensive Sinnamahoning lumber manufacturers, have the thanks of the PRESS for a neat 1902 calendar.

John Collins, of Olean, N. Y., and Miss Anna Sunderlin, of Sizerville, Pa., were united in the holy bonds matrimony at the Baptist parsonage, West Fourth street, Dec. 24th, 1901, by the pastor, W. A. Pugsley.

Our new townsman, J. L. Wheeler, went to Emporium last Wednesday, and on Thursday was married to Miss Edith Hurteau, of that place, by Rev. Robertson of the Episcopal church. The happy couple will go to housekeeping at once in the E. Z. Schrecengost house on Main street. We wish them a prosperous journey through life.—Rural Valley, Pa., Advance.

New P. M. at Sinnamahoning.

Chas. A. Counsil has been appointed postmaster at Sinnamahoning, *vice* Chas. W. Beldin, deceased. Mr. Counsil is an exemplary young gentleman and no doubt will make an efficient official. He was very generally endorsed for the position by the patrons of the office.

Mr. Joseph Kaye has been quite ill for several days, since his return from Mexico, but is improving under Dr. Smith's care. He expects to be out today or to-morrow.

We regret to learn that Theo. Newton's little child is in a precarious condition and is under Dr. Bardwell's careful attention.

WEATHER REPORT.
(Forecast by T. B. Lloyd.)
FRIDAY, Snow.
SATURDAY, Snow.
SUNDAY, Fair.

LOCAL NOTICES.

FOR SALE—Furniture, bedding, cook stove, etc., for sale at a bargain, if taken before Jan. 15th.

MRS. E. L. POLLARD.

LOST—A ladies black cloth cape, between Frank Craven's and Slocum's Store, Emporium, Saturday afternoon. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at this office.

DEATH'S DOINGS.

GALVIN.

MRS. MARY GALVIN, aged 73 years, died at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. O. J. Nangle, on Sixth street, Dec. 28th, 1901, of pneumonia. Interment was made at her former home, Belfast, N. Y., Dec. 31st. The aged lady was sick but a few days.

The remains were prepared for burial by funeral director B. Egan, and shipped to Belfast, N. Y.

PELLAM.

LEMUEL PELLAM, died at Glen Hazel, of pneumonia, last Monday. His remains were brought to West Creek yesterday for burial, the funeral being held at Howard Siding school house, Rev. Mulliner officiating. Deceased leaves a wife and three children. Funeral director LaBar had charge.

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KREITNER.

JACOB W. KREITNER, aged 19 years, died of pneumonia at Sizerville, Dec. 29th. Undertaker LaBar prepared the remains and the funeral was held from the home of the parents at Gardeau, Dec. 31st.

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ROSSMAN.

MRS. ROSSMAN, aged 71, died of cancer at Shippen, Dec. 29th. Her remains were prepared for burial and shipped to Blossom, N. Y., by director LaBar.

First Methodist Episcopal Church.

Interesting revival services are being held nightly in this church. The congregations are large and much good is apparently resulting. The Holy Communion will be administered next Sunday. Pastor's Sunday evening subject, "The Moral Harvest."

Handsome Monument.

M. A. Colvin, of Ridgway, was in Emporium yesterday and completed the erection of a handsome Quincy granite monument to the memory of the late J. W. Brown, whose remains were brought to this place a few days ago from Elk county and placed in Newton Cemetery, on the plot recently secured, north of Dr. S. S. Smith's mausoleum. It is pronounced a very creditable piece of work.

Notice to Gas Consumers.

Beginning with February there will positively be no discount allowed on any bills after the 10th of the month on which they fall due. The office hours will be from 8 to 11:30; 1 to 5:30. The office will not be open evenings, except on the 10th of each month, when it will be open from 7 to 9. When bills are not paid by the 15th of each month the gas will be shut off.

46-4 ST. MARYS GAS CO.

A Good Smoke.

Ye editor acknowledges the receipt of a Xmas present, in the shape of a box of those popular cigars manufactured by Buckingham Brothers, Baltimore. Our friend H. E. Buckingham is fully conversant with our weakness for a good cigar. No better cigar comes to town than the Buckingham. Try them.

Great Stories by Great Authors.

A remarkable year of fiction, promised the readers of the Philadelphia Press during 1902. Famous writers of America and Europe will contribute to it each Sunday. The series begins next Sunday, January 5th, with a stirring story of the Philippines, by General Charles King. It is called "A Conquering Corps Badge." This will be followed by clever short stories by Justin Huntley McCarthy, author of "If I Were King," Sir Walter Besant, J. M. Barrie, author of "The Little Minister," John Strange Winter, author of "Bootle's Baby," W. E. Norris, Frank T. Bullen, the great writer of seastories, Rev. S. Baring Gould, author of "The Crock of Gold," Amelia E. Barr, Morley Roberts, Fergus Hume, author of "The Lady From Nowhere," David Christie Murray, author of "A Rogue's Conscience," H. B. Marriott Watson, author of "The Princess Xenia," Adeline Sergeant, John K. Leys and others equally well known. This great series begins next Sunday. Be sure to order next Sunday's Press of your newsdealer in time.

Best.
White-lead and zinc together are better than either alone, as all painters know.
Devoe lead and zinc is mixed in the grinding and ground in the mixing.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 10 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

The Cupid Special.

Nearly every famous train in the country has a nickname, which, in the majority of instances, more adequately describes the train than does its official name. This is particularly true of a train that comes into one of the big sheds at Jersey City, and is perhaps favored more by the station porters than any of the other trains that discharge passengers there. To the trainmasters and superintendents down south it is known as "Train No. 36," and on the timetable it is called "The United States Fast Mail," but to every person in the section of the country through which it runs and to many travelers it is "The Cupid Special." The train gets its name from the number of bridal couples it carries. It seldom comes up from the south without bringing from two to six brides and grooms, and its dining and sleeping car conductors and others of the train crew are under specific orders to show particular attention and grant all possible favors to the temporarily unbalanced people it carries.

Pigtail Party in the East.

The Philadelphia Record relates that a pigtail party was given in his studio the other night by an artist from the west. The arriving guests were very curious to know what on earth this sort of a party is, and they found it to be one whereat the tails of pigs are the main dish of the supper. As accessories there were served of course sauerkraut, sausages, cheese, pretzels and beer; but the delicious pigtails lorded it easily over their neighbors. They were fried, and each guest found he could eat a dozen without difficulty. "In St. Louis," the artist said, "pigtails are as common an article of food as pigs' feet or beefsteak. Every butcher has them on sale, and they cost about 20 cents a dozen. Here in the east they seem to be unknown. I had a great deal of trouble to get these that you are eating to-night, and had to order them two weeks in advance." Several men got the recipe for their cooking, and said they would leave standing orders for pigtails with their butchers.

Fournier's success comes from his nerve, says a Cincinnati observer. The average automobilist thinks he is in danger when he is going at a mile in two or three minutes, and that is pretty fast, but he must throw open the throttle and think of nothing else if he wants to break records. And let me here predict that within a year or two American autos operated by nervy Americans will beat a mile a minute by ten seconds. The top notch will not be as slow in coming as the two-minute trotter.

It is said by a correspondent of the Baltimore Sun that West Virginia is rapidly becoming more and more the mecca of the negroes of the south. The climate of that state, as a whole, is congenial to this race, and the great coal and coking industries in operation in almost every county, together with the extensive railroad construction being carried on, furnish ready, as well as lucrative, employment for negro laborers, of whom 15,000 are employed in the mines.

I was interested a few days ago, says a writer for the Cincinnati Commercial Tribune, in an item from a German paper giving the result of the investigations upon the work done by the human heart. I think he said that, expressed in mechanical energy, the work done in a day is equivalent to 540,000 foot pounds, which is about the equivalent of walking up Mount Adams ten times. Maybe he is right, but the work of a girl's heart for the man she loves beats that a block and then some.

The rather strenuous wife of a western congressman met Wu Ting-Fang at a dinner and eagerly sought to engage him in conversation. She was compelled to lean out over the table and greet him at a distance of several covers from where she sat. "Mr. Wu, we all think you are so clever," she declared. "Isn't it such a pity you are only Chinese!"

TARIFF OF PHILIPPINES.

Provisions of the New Protective Measure That Will Probably Become a Law.

The house of representatives has acted with commendable promptness in regard to providing a tariff system for the Philippine islands. It is imperatively necessary that something be done in this line, since the supreme court decision makes illegal any collection of duties except such as are specially imposed by congress. The sooner the tangle is straightened out the better both for this country and its new dependencies, says the Troy Times.

The act passed is a simple but effective measure. It imposes the Dingley rates on goods entering the Philippines from the United States. It also provides for the collection of tonnage taxes on vessels plying between the United States and the Philippines, and that foreign vessels may ply between these ports until January 1, 1905. The duties and taxes collected under the provisions of the bill are to go into the Philippine treasury, to be expended for the use and benefit of the islands. In brief, it conforms precisely to the principles recently laid down by the federal courts. The fact that it has passed the house less than three weeks after the decision in the Philippine case is proof of the readiness by the popular branch of congress to make laws in conformity with constitutional requirements and of its desire to relieve the government from an embarrassing situation.

At least, such is the case as regards the majority. The bill was passed by a vote of 163 to 128. Only five republicans—Messrs. Littlefield, of Maine; McCall, of Massachusetts, and Heatwole, Stevens and Eddy, of Minnesota—voted against the measure. Only three democrats—Messrs. Davey, Broussard and Robertson, of Louisiana—voted for it. The party division, it will be seen, was practically complete. The speeches made by members of the democratic opposition showed that the minority as a whole has learned nothing by experience. They were pitched in the same old Bryan key of "anti-imperialism," without the presentation of a new fact or argument. The speakers acted as though in blissful ignorance that they were using burnt powder—the very ineffective kind that made much noise but did no execution in the last presidential campaign. They made it clear that the attitude of the democracy in congress, as shown by the utterances and votes of the leaders, is to be one of stolid antagonism to republican measures dealing with new conditions, and that it is incapable of rising to the higher requirements of the situation, or indisposed to do so. The republican administration and a republican congress are thus left to settle great questions arising from the nation's growth, while the democrats fill the role of helpless obstructionists. It is not a dignified or impressive position, but apparently it has been deliberately chosen.

The Philippine tariff bill now goes to the senate, and though equal celerity is not to be anticipated there, it is reasonable to hope that the measure will pass that body and receive executive sanction not long after the reassembling of congress in January. The need of the law is urgent, and it is so well designed to protect the interests and advance the welfare of our new eastern possessions that long deliberation should be unnecessary.

Democrats Might Try It.

Andrew Lang seems to have inoculated London society with the virus of a new fad, which the same is crystalgazing. He has been recommending everybody to acquire a sphere of crystal and peer steadily into it until he sees things. He says it is best to go into a room in which there are no other persons, sit down with one's back to the light, place the crystal on a piece of dark cloth in such a position that reflections are excluded, and stare steadily at it for about five minutes. Mr. Lang says he has known persons thus to see pictures of events happening miles away, and other remarkable visions. Perhaps, if Messrs. Hill, Bryan, Cleveland, Tillman and a few other prominent democrats should provide themselves with crystal balls and stare steadily at them for about five hours, one or another might be able to read the answer to that burning question: "What is a democrat?"—Albany Journal.

PRESS OPINIONS.

☞The Ohio democrats will earnestly hope that any misunderstanding between Mr. Foraker and Mr. Hanna will be war to the knife this time.—Washington Star.

☞Peru has deserted the silver standard and the agitation for the gold standard in Mexico is growing. The old ratio in practice is plainly a losing game.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞The democrats appear to be afraid that President Roosevelt will not get into a fight with Senator Hanna. The president and the senator from Ohio understand the situation and each other.—Cleveland Leader.

☞It may be remarked to those democrats who are denouncing the Kansas City platform that it is the latest and therefore the binding expression of democratic principles, and will continue to be such until the next democratic national convention.—Indianapolis Journal.

☞Secretary Gage's retirement from the cabinet will give the "I told you so" fraternity a chance to gloat. As every member of the cabinet was on their list for retirement, the doctrine of chances was sure to give them material for self-congratulation, sooner or later.—Washington Star.

GAGE'S RETIREMENT.

Effective Work of the Secretary of the Treasury by President McKinley's Appointment.

The retirement of Secretary Gage from the cabinet, which seems to have been decided upon, will be a distinct loss to the country. His appointment by President McKinley at the beginning of his first term was universally regarded as an ideal one, and went far toward establishing in advance confidence in the financial policy of the administration. Mr. Gage had so high a reputation as a practical banker and financier that it was felt that he would carry the same conservatism into the management of government finances, and that as long as he remained at the head of the treasury department it would be on the best of terms and in close touch with the business interests of the country. This has proved to be the case. The secretary has managed a number of important financial operations very skillfully, and, while recognizing his first duty to the government, he has not forgotten the close relations between the treasury department and the people and the duty of its head to regard their interests as well. Close adherence to these lines has made his administration of the treasury department remarkably successful and has vindicated the wisdom of calling to that important position a trained financier and business man without any previous experience in or knowledge of practical politics. Until he became secretary of the treasury Mr. Gage had never held an office, and no doubt his retirement from that office will be his retirement from public life, says the Indianapolis Journal.

An attempt will doubtless be made, in fact, is already made, to create an impression that his retirement is due to friction between him and President Roosevelt, but there is no evidence of this nor any reason to believe it. There is obvious reason enough for his retirement in the fact that, having held the position nearly five years, he has already got out of it all the fame and all the satisfaction there is in it for him, and naturally desires to resume his original and congenial vocation as a banker. From a pecuniary point of view he has doubtless made a considerable sacrifice every year he has held the office. He deserves well of the country and should carry with him into private life the hearty approval and good wishes of all the people.

BRYAN'S CONTRIBUTION.

Opinion of the Late Leader as to What Constitutes a Democrat.

In a late issue of the Commoner Mr. Bryan makes a contribution of some little value to the extremely meager information bearing on the question: "What is a democrat?" He makes an urgent plea for the continuance of fusion between populists and democrats. He says that they are separated only by the difference of opinion as to the redeemability of greenbacks and the government ownership of railroads. He declares that for the present united effort "to save the greenbacks" is necessary, and that differences of opinion can be settled later. Cooperation between populists and democrats must continue, the only question being whether it shall be between their separate party organizations or among individuals under one organization. "This is a question," he declares, "which must be determined largely by local conditions. If the populists were to join the democratic party they would strengthen the reform element in that party and assist in preventing the repudiation of the principles of the Kansas City platform. On the other, where the populist party is strong as compared with the democratic party, it may be wiser to cooperate than to attempt the amalgamation of the parties.

Mr. Bryan's view, says the Albany Journal, seems to be, then, that a democrat is either a populist adherent of Bryanism or a democratic ally of populism; in other words, he is either a popocrat or a demopop. From this it might be inferred that if Mr. Bryan could be induced to make a direct and unequivocal answer to the question "what is a democrat?" it would be: "There isn't any."

☞Partisanship aside, it remains true that the policies favored by the republican party are those of progressiveness and prosperity. The moral is read aright by the St. Louis Globe-Democrat when it says: "West Virginia's greatest boom has come since it joined the republican column. Missouri has a like endowment of mineral wealth, but, politically, continues to trot along at the heels of the most narrow and selfish ring in the United States." The biggest hindrance to Missouri's advancement is the political bourbonism which keeps it tied to the Bryan chariot. That sort of thing never failed to injure the material interests of a community.—Troy Times.

☞The independent democratic Brooklyn Eagle remarks to the democratic party that while its function is to place obstacles in the way of what, in its judgment, should not be done, "opposition that does not discriminate is worse than fatuous."—Indianapolis Journal.

☞Croker and other democratic leaders appear to be entering upon a political campaign for Admiral Sekley that will kill him as dead politically as Admiral Dewey was killed as a democratic candidate for the presidency.—Iowa State Register.

A YEAR OF BIG THINGS.

Record of 1901 for Development of American Manufactures Never Has Been Equalled.

New York, Jan. 1.—Dun's Review will say on January 4:

Most marvelous of all the phenomenal evidences of advancement in business during the year was the progress made in manufacturing. It is impossible to be too extravagant in delineating the movements of the industrial world. Never in the history of this or any other nation has such development occurred within the space of a twelvemonth. The expansion of productive capacity was enormous, the improved methods of work and organization were conspicuous, wise economies were introduced, but more than all other factors that made for permanent prosperity was the conservative resistance to price inflation.

All records of output for hard and soft coal were surpassed during 1901, despite the scarcity of cars that retarded operation. A feature of great advantage was the expanding export movement, which reached more encouraging proportions than in earlier years. In ten months the value of shipments was $19,807,353, against $17,820,864 the year previous. Coke ovens made a phenomenal record, establishing a new high water mark of weekly output at 244,529 tons late in November.

Further declines occurred in the price of wool during the opening months of 1901, and the bottom was not reached until July 1, when 100 grades were quoted at 17.06 cents. This represented a loss of 31 per cent. from the high point of 24.70 in December, 1899. With the absorption of surplus stocks and general revival in the industry, the turning point was reached in September. Further strength and activity was in evidence each succeeding month.

While 1900 was the best year ever experienced by domestic agricultural interests, the opening year of the new century was in many ways more profitable, and the two together have put the farming population in much the most satisfactory position in the nation's history. Formerly the season of harvesting and crop moving brought heavy borrowing of funds at the east, but interior conditions have changed to such an extent that western bankers are lenders at New York and Chicago and while there is still a large movement of money away from the east during the fall months, it is of funds that were held here for the account of interior correspondents. There is a steady tendency to enlarge the acreage sown in the leading crops, yet supplies do not increase, owing to the better demand both for home consumption and export. Heat and drouth caused a serious curtailment of the corn crop.

Meats naturally reflected the expensive position of fodder and it was gratifying to notice that exports were not materially reduced by the high level.

Cotton passed a season of wide variations, in the early months attaining the highest price of the decade, but falling back sharply as the spinning situation was rendered unfavorable by exorbitant raw material.

In the year of big things it was natural that new high records should be recorded in deposits and loans. Financing of big syndicate operations and unparalleled stock market dealings combined to raise the total of loans and discounts to $914,623,000 on February 16, against $825,830,600 on September 15, 1900, the top point of that year. On the same date deposits attained their zenith at $1,011,329,000, compared with $914,810,300 on March 4, 1899, the record prior to 1901.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE.

Prof. Loeb Announces Another Discovery—Prof. Novy's Germicide.

Chicago, Jan. 1.—Prof. Jacques Loeb, of the University of Chicago, in a paper read yesterday before the American Society of Naturalists announced that he had discovered the physical processes that accompany life and that electricity and not heat energy is the basis of life. He does not claim to have solved the problem of "what is life," but to have proved a theory which overthrows a fundamental portion of the teachings of text books on physiology.

It is said that while Mr. Loeb's experiments in prolonging life are important, thus far they were applicable only in the case of a single animal cell and therefore of narrow limitation.

Another paper which attracted special attention was that read before the meeting of the Bacteriological society by Prof. F. G. Novy, of the University of Michigan, who made public for the first time the result of his struggle to find a perfect germicide. His results were beyond expectations, for he has, it is claimed, discovered an organic peroxide which is absolutely destructive of organic life, and which can be taken into the system by human beings with perfect impunity.

Gives $125,000 to Employes.

Chicago, Jan. 1.—In recognition of the services rendered the firm and with the desire of giving its workers some share, over and above their wages, the Crane Co. last night distributed $125,000 among its employes as a New Year's gift. Every person in the employ of the company, from office boys up to the treasurer, 3,500 men and women in all, received a sum equivalent to 5 per cent of the money each has earned in 1901.

Two Schooners Wrecked.

Yarmouth, N. S., Jan. 1.—The Boston schooner Harry L. Belden struck on Green island, Bay of Fundy, during Monday night and is a total wreck. Her crew of 18 men were rescued. The schooner Protector, of Lunenburg, with a cargo of corn, was sunk by a tidal wave.

Explosion Killed Three Men.

Prescott, Ariz., Jan. 1.—At Britt's Switch, about nine miles from here, from some unknown cause a boiler exploded, killing Tim Moore, James A. Hogue and A. T. Calhoun. Several others were injured.

TO DEFEAT MERGER

Officials of Seven States Meet at Helena, Mont.

They Decide to Begin Proceedings in the Courts in Minnesota to Prevent the Proposed Consolidation of Three Great Railway Systems.

Helena, Mont., Jan. 1.—A definite plan of action to defeat the proposed consolidation of the Northern Pacific, Great Northern and Burlington railway systems was unanimously agreed upon yesterday by the governors and attorneys general of seven northwestern states in which those roads have mileage. Legal action will be instituted immediately in Minnesota courts with this object in view.

Just now, when or where these suits will be brought, neither Gov. Van Sant, of Minnesota, nor Attorney General Douglas would state. The conference adjourned late Tuesday afternoon after adopting resolutions condemning the proposed merger as contrary to sound public policy and pledging support to any proper legal action which may be brought to test its validity. Other resolutions adopted call on congress to investigate the subject and favor the granting of power to the interstate commerce commission to fix maximum rates upon inter-state business.

Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 1.—Judge William Lochren, of the United States circuit court, yesterday dissolved the temporary injunction issued in the case of Peter Power against the Northern Pacific Railroad Co. by Judge Elliott, of the district court of Hennepin county, on Monday. The injunction which was dissolved by the order of Judge Lochren restrained the Northern Pacific from issuing any evidences of indebtedness to retire the preferred stock of the company, or to retire the preferred stock in any other manner than by the use of the surplus net earnings of the road.

It also restrained the Northern Pacific and its managers from entering into any agreement by which the road would be consolidated or merged, through the medium of the Northern Securities Co., with the Great Northern or the Burlington, or either of them.

Judge Lochren held that railroad corporations could not do indirectly what the law prevented them from doing directly, and that any method by which consolidation of two or more competing and parallel lines would be brought about would be illegal, and a writ of injunction would lie to restrain the consummation of the plan. But that there was nothing in the case as presented to him to indicate the stockholders of the Northern Pacific Railway Co. were attempting such a consolidation.

Mr. Power's attorneys authorized the statement that the fight had just commenced and that they will appeal to the United States supreme court.

BARTLEY IS PARDONED.

The ex-State Treasurer of Nebraska, Who Embezzled Huge Sums, Is Released from Prison.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 1.—Gov. Savage last night granted an unconditional pardon to Joseph S. Bartley, former state treasurer, who five years ago was sentenced to 20 years in the penitentiary on conviction of having embezzled $201,000 of state funds. The pardon went into effect from the moment it was delivered to Mrs. Bartley by the governor's private secretary. It was presented to Warden Davis at the penitentiary a half hour later, and later, with his family and lawyer, Bartley was brought in a carriage to his home in the city.

Bartley has been in the state prison four years and six months, in addition to a year in the Douglas county jail while his appeal to the supreme court was pending. His entire shortage is alleged to have been $500,000, but he was convicted on the single count of obtaining $201,000.

Gov. Savage makes an extended explanation of his reasons for granting the pardon. Primarily, he says, he is led to believe that the ends of justice have been met in the punishment already inflicted. He thinks the enormity of the crime was not such as to merit the sentence imposed. Further, he finds extenuating circumstances. Mr. Bartley, he says, was state treasurer at a time when the whole country was undergoing financial depression. Owing to depreciating values many Nebraska banks were on the verge of collapse and it was with the best intentions and to tide them over, the governor urges, that Mr. Bartley advanced them state money.

Much of this had been lost, for which Bartley stood responsible, though he did not profit. The governor finally gives the names of several hundred of the most prominent men in the state appealing for the pardon. Four thousand others, he says, have made the same request.

The governor also refers to the parole granted Bartley last July, which he justifies. It was given, he says, because it was represented that by so doing it was possible for the paroled prisoner to make collections of money, which would be restored to the state. The action of the republican state convention, demanding his return to prison, while he regarded it unwise, seemed to him mandatory, and he cancelled the parole.

A Disastrous Collision.

Keithville, La., Jan. 2.—One life was lost, two persons were seriously injured and part of a car of valuable race horses en route from the winter meeting at New Orleans were destroyed in a disastrous collision Wednesday between a Southern Pacific fast freight and a Houston & West Texas freight on a siding. Twelve cars of the Houston & West Texas train caught fire and burned to the trucks. W. J. Daniels, of Houston, fireman on the Houston train, was caught under the wreck and either crushed or burned to death.

LARGER SCHOOL BUILDINGS REQUIRED.

Owing to the recent large influx of population into Western Canada it has become absolutely necessary in many parts of Manitoba, Assiniboia, Saskatchewan and Alberta to increase the school accommodation. In many places buildings have been erected that are only half-occupied. This is perhaps as good evidence as will be found not only of their satisfaction with their present school system and their confidence that it will remain as it is, but also of their firm belief in the future expansion of the country, in increased immigration, and it further indicates that they have little fear that the well established rate of births in civilized communities will not be maintained there.

The free homestead laws and the cheap railway lands offer great inducements, which are opening up the new settlements. Agents of the Government of Canada are actively at work in different portions of the States for the purpose of giving information to possible settlers, and advertisements are now appearing in a large number of papers, giving the names and locations of these Agents.

Telephone Business.

The Electrical Review gives data on the telephone business in the United States, showing that including all companies there are 4,311 exchanges in operation with 2,278,717 telephones in use. The total capital invested is nearly $500,000,000. One company employs 33,000 persons, and handles a total of 2,000,000,000 calls per year. The manufacturing side, says the Electrical Review, is estimated to produce a total of 3,000 telephones per day, this annual output of instruments with their accessory apparatus being valued at between $50,000,000 and $60,000,000. The telephone industry, which is only 22 years old, has become one of the most important in this country and the authority quoted states that it is now at the beginning of an extended growth.

Force of Habit.

He had worked for many years in a dry goods store, but fate placed him behind the counter in a coal office, and that was the cause of his undoing. A lady entered the coal office one day and said she needed two tons of coal at once.

"All right," said the clerk, tipping the ashes from a cigarette in a dreamy fashion; "will you take it with you or have it sent, madam?"—Yonkers Statesman.

The Handsomest Calendar of the season (in ten colors) six beautiful heads (on six sheets, 10x12 inches), reproductions of paintings by Moran, issued by General Passenger Department, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, will be sent on receipt of twenty-five cents. Address F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

It Wasn't Smallpox.

One of the colored porters on the Hannibal & St. Joe who was quarantined in Kansas City because of the smallpox was telling his experience to some acquaintances: "Dey done kept me canteened for three weeks and it wasn't smallpox at all. It was nuffin but celluloid."—Chicago Chronicle.

Best for the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascarets help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy, natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

When He Forgets.

When a young lover figures on whether he can support a wife, he counts in everything except the rent, butcher and grocer, clothes, and incidentals.—N. Y. Press.

When You Order

Baker's Chocolate or Baker's Cocoa examine the package you receive and make sure that it bears the well-known trademark of the chocolate girl.

There are many imitations of these choice goods on the market.

A copy of Miss Parloa's choice recipes will be sent free to any housekeeper.

Address Walter Baker & Co., Limited, Dorchester, Mass.

Necessarily.

She—Really, my husband is quite a philosopher.

Her Aunt—Well, a man might as well bow to the inevitable—when he's married to it!—Chicago Journal.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—John F. Boyer, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Can you call a thermometer a good one that registers a low and a mean temperature?—Indianapolis News.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

When the sun has ceased its watch to keep, the earth turns over and goes to sleep.—Puck.

Sweat or fruit acids will not discolor goods dyed with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Sold by druggists, 10c. package.

Taxes come high, but we must have them.—Chicago Daily News.

ST. JACOBS OIL

POSITIVELY CURES

Rheumatism
Neuralgia
Backache
Headache
Feetache
All Bodily Aches
AND

CONQUERS PAIN.

A. D. 1901 Passed In Review

CHRONOLOGICAL RECORD NOTING ALL OF THE MOST IMPORTANT EVENTS.

ASSASSINATION OF McKINLEY.

Sep. 4—Pres. McKinley and party welcomed at Pan-American exposition in Buffalo.



Wm. McKinley.

5—Pres. made his notable Buffalo speech in favor of trade expansion and the isthmian canal.

6—Pres. shot twice by Leon Czolgosz in Temple of Music at Buffalo exposition; wounds examined and one bullet taken out; patient is removed to residence of Mr. Milburn, pres. of exposition.

10—Pres. thought to be out of danger and for first time takes food through the mouth.

14—Wm. McKinley, 25th U. S. president, dies at 2:15 a. m.; post mortem examination shows gangrene to have set in....Pan-American exposition ordered closed for three days out of respect....Theo. Roosevelt sworn as president.

15—Funeral services held in Milburn residence at 11 a. m.; body lies in state in city hall until 5 p. m.

16—Funeral party leaves for Washington....Czolgosz indicted on charge of murder in 1st degree.

17—Funeral services held in capitol at Washington, conducted by Bishop Andrews of Ohio with rites of M. E. church....Special train bears remains of late pres. to Canton, O.

19—Pres. McKinley's remains placed in Westlawn cemetery at Canton. During funeral services every wheel in country stopped. Business generally suspended. Services held in all principal capitals of Europe.

21—Insanity experts find Czolgosz sane.

23—Jury completed; assassin pleads guilty, but attorney assigned to defend him enters plea of not guilty.

24—Verdict of guilty of murder in first degree reported by jury.

26—Sentence of death by electrocution pronounced on Czolgosz; assassin removed to Auburn state prison.

Oct. 29—Assassin Czolgosz electrocuted; autopsy shows healthy condition of brain.

Nov. 9—First McKinley monument unveiled at Tower, Minn.

CASUALTIES.

Jan. 1—Near Hays, Miss., 7 in freight wreck.

5—Just outside the Golden Gate, 30 by wreck of steamer Iaqua, out bound from San Francisco....Smallpox reported in over 100 Missouri counties.

7—Minneapolis, Minn., 8 in burning lodging house....Model City, N. Y., E. H. Taylor and family, 5 persons in burning home.

8—Rochester, N. Y., 31 in burning orphan asylum....Anderson, W. Va., 6 in railway wreck.

Feb. 2.—Milwaukee, 5 children in burning home during parents' absence

21—Near Bordentown, N. J., 10 in railway disaster....Tokyo, B. C., 21 in burning hospital.

22—Steamer Rio de Janeiro wrecked while entering Golden Gate in fog; 128 lives lost, including Consul Wildman, of Hong-Kong, and family.

25—Diamondville, Wyo., 28 by fire in mine.

Mar. 4—Center Valley, Mo., 5 in zinc mine disaster.

11—Chicago, 8 by boiler explosion.

16—Little Cascapade, Quebec, 6 in burning home.

18—Wellston, O., 7 in burning cabin.

30—Gallup, N. M., 53 in mine explosion.

Apr. 9—Cripple Creek, Col., 6 by landslide.

28—Latrobe, Pa., 6 in mine fire....Houston, Tex., 5 in fire....Sunrise City, Alaska, 20 by snowslide.

May 3—Jacksonville, Fla., 6 in fire.

5—South Chicago, Ill., 7 in fire.

10—Steamer Bon Voyage burns and 5 of Altman family of Laurium, Mich., drown.

13—Near Grand Tower, Ill., 27 by sinking of steamer City of Paducah.

16—Fairmount, W. Va., 6 miners by explosion.

24—Near Au Sable, Mich., 12 by foundering of steamer Baltimore in Lake Huron.

25—Off Sheboygan, Mich., 7 by sinking of schooner.

27—Dayton, Tenn., 21 by coal dust explosion.

30—Near Philadelphia, 7 picnickers swept over dam in Schuylkill river.

Jun. 1—Off Charleston, S. C., 15 fishermen drowned.

4—Iron Mountain, Mich., 8 in mine explosion.

10—Port Royal, Pa., 16 in burning mine.

21—Paterson, N. J., 14 by explosion of fireworks.

25—Cass Station, Ind., 14 in railway wreck.

Jul. 1—Chicago, 11 by lightning striking pier.

4—Reports from all over country show 19 dead and 1,611 injured during celebration of day.

10—Norton, Mo., 19 in railway collision.

11—Springfield, Pa., 9 by train going through bridge.

13—Savannah, Ga., 6 picnickers drowned.

15—Near Muskogee, Ind. T., 5 in railway collision.

Aug. 1—Chicago, 5 in collision between trolley car and fast mail train....Off Douglass Island, over 70 by collision of steamer with iceberg.

13—Near Paducah, Ky., 16 by capsizing of steamer City of Golconda....Herkimer, N. Y., 12 by dynamite explosion....Philadelphia, 6 by lightning striking benzine tank.

28—Near Torresdale, Pa., 21 by boiler explosion on steamer City of Trenton.

30—Near Kalispell, Mont., 38 in railway wreck.

Sep. 7—Jamestown, N. D., 7 in railway collision.

16—Near New Castle, Col., 6 by explosion in Gulch mine.

26—Newark, N. J., 7 by explosion in gas works.

Oct. 1.—Cleveland, 5 mile waterworks tunnel under lake said to have caused 40 deaths to date.

18—New York, 5 by falling rock in rapid transit tunnel.

Nov. 1.—St. Louis, 11 children of lockjaw after treatment with anti-toxin for diphtheria.

6—Hurley, Wis., 10 in fire following carousal in dance hall.

18—Blair, Mont., 10 in railway wreck....In Maine woods, 5 accidentally killed by hunters.

20—Near Telluride, Col., 22 in burning mine ....Near Needles, Cal., 7 in train wreck.

27—Detroit, Mich., 29 by explosion....Near Seneca, Mich., railway wreck on Wabash road; number of dead variously estimated at from 12 to 67.

Dec. 1—Gwynn Station, Pa., 5 in burning home.

4—Astoria, Ore., 28 by wreck of British ship Nelson.

9—Loss of life in navigation of great lakes during season reported at 132.

15—Near Rockford, Ill., 9 in railway collision....Near Essex, Mont., 7 in railway wreck.

19—Pittsburg, Pa., 10 by gas explosion, in the Soho furnace....Steamer Kanawha Bell, bet. Charleston, W. Va., and Montgomery wrecked; 9 lives lost.

20—Pittsburg, Pa., 5 by explosion of 4 boilers in Black Diamond steel works.

21—Summerville, Pa., 4 in burning home.

23—Allentown, Pa., 6 in accident on Coopersburg branch of Lehigh Valley Traction Co.

25—Memphis, O., 4 in burning steamer Sun.

FIRES.

Jan. 9—South Brooklyn, N. Y., $500,000 fire along river front.

23—Montreal, Que., $3,000,000 fire in business section.

29—Des Moines, Ia., $600,000 fire started in Frankel Bros.' store.

31—New York, Wicke cigar box factory and other buildings; $1,500,000.

Feb. 6—Near El Cerro, Cuba, lumber yard and sawmill; $700,000.

9—Pittsburg, Pa., cork factory and machine shop; $700,000.

21—Rochester, Pa., Am. Glass Co.'s plant; $1,500,000.

Apr. 7—St. Louis Elevator & Storage Co.; $500,000.

May 2—Between Somerfield and Addison, Pa., forest fires.

3—Jacksonville, Fla., district 2½ m. long by ½ m. wide, 6 lives lost and $15,000,000 in property.

4—Dallas, Tex., Southern Rock Island Plow Co.'s block; $500,000.

12—Detroit, fire in lumber district; $800,000.

18—Meadow Brook, Pa., country home of T. B. Wanamaker; $500,000.

Jul. 2—Hot Springs, Va., Homestead hotel; $500,000.

4—Baltimore, Hoen & Co.'s bldg.; $650,000.

8—Kansas, 15,000 acres wheat.

16—Wichita, Kan., Jacob Dold & Sons' packing plant; $1,000,000.

20—Mattoon, Ill., 18 incendiary fires in past 4 weeks; $2,400,000.

25—Davenport, Ia., business and residence property worth $700,000.

Aug. 26—Tiptonville, Tenn., almost entirely destroyed 2nd time in year.

Sep. 11—St. John's, N. F., business property; $500,000.

Oct. 7—Arkansas City, Ark., Paepke-Leicht Lumber Co.'s yards; $500,000.

8—Chicago, fire in docks of Peabody Coal Co.'s docks; $658,000.

15—Beaumont, Tex., fire in business center; $1,250,000.

23—Hammond (Ind.) Packing Co.'s plant; $500,000.

25—Philadelphia, Hunt, Wilkinson & Co.'s furniture store; $560,000 loss and 19 persons killed.

Nov. 12—Cleveland, O., 1 block; $500,000.

28—New York, lumber yards and mills in E. 10th St.; $1,000,000.

Dec. 11—Worcester (O.) university, main bldg.

23—Hamilton, O., Champion coated paper works; $750,000.

CRIMES.

Jan. 12—Louis Currier kills wife, son and self, in Albany, N. Y.

Feb. 15—Jos. B. Hinton (22) kills Maggie Shurtz (17) at Logan, Kan.; disappointed love.

24—Mrs. Rose Wurzer, drowned her 6 children, at Uniontown, Wash.; insanity.

Mar. 1—Henry Warne burns his stock and buildings and kills son and self, near Denison, Ia.; insanity.

21—Mrs. Naramore kills her 6 children, at Cold Brook, Mass., but fails in attempt to suicide.

23—Mrs. Nathan Townsend kills self and 2 children, at Cass City, Mich.; family trouble.

29—Emil Segerlin while insane kills himself and 3 daughters near Devil's Lake, N. D.

Apr. 9—T. L. Arrington kills Mamie Cleghorn and self at Somerville, Ga., on account of a broken engagement.

May 4—Manuel Mess kills wife and self at Hebronville, Tex.; jealousy.

20—Elmer Lane kills wife and self at Osceola, Ia.; domestic trouble....Mrs. Elmer Quimby kills her 2 children and self, near St. Louis.

Jun. 5—Wm. Arnell, Jr., of Beaverton, Mich., kills daughter, and wounds wife, 2 sisters and brother; was intoxicated.

6—Leroy Groves (aged 16) kills brother, sister and self near Napoleon, O., crazed by sensational literature.

7—Dallas, Tex., 4 men killed in street duel.

27—Jessie Morrison found guilty of manslaughter in 2nd degree for murder of Mrs. Olin Castle.

Jul. 20—Chas. McClumsy shoots Mamie Reed and self; lovers' quarrel.

29—E. Kirby kills wife and self at Dodge City, Kan.; disagreed over property.

Aug. 3—Actor Thad Brookie kills Millie Lighthawk and self during rehearsal at Omaha; jealousy....Alex. McCullough kills wife and self at Crawfish, O.; was intoxicated.

7—Frank Schutz kills wife and daughter at Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.; drunk and jealous.

21—At Reynolds, Miss., 4 shot in fight in court during trial.

23—Blake Logan, 2 sons and 2 Wilson brothers killed by West Mays and George Golden at Williamsburg, Ky.; trouble over woman.

27—Mrs. Perry throws her 4 children and self into well near Northfield, O.

Oct. 7—Faction fight near Middlesboro, Ky., results in 4 killed, 5 wounded.

26—Andrew Israelson wounds father-in-law, kills wife, sister-in-law and self, at Iron River, Mich.

Nov. 1—Walter Schneider kills Minnie Reichsteller and self, near Reading, Pa.

25—Robert Wilking kills Jacob Stokes (his father-in-law) and Mrs. Stokes, at Unionville, O.; is then killed by a son of Stokes.

Dec. 4—At Opp, Ala., double murder causes race riot; 2 negroes killed.

10—Rev. John Kinnunen kills wife, 2 children and self at Copper Falls, Mich.; was insane....Mrs. Gilbert fatally assaulted in Washington, D. C.

17—Pearl Warner, Louise Kline, Sherman Lothouse and John Jacobs, all suicide in Columbus (O.) boarding house.

19—John F. Bull kills wife and self at Parsons, Kan....L. T. Exum kills wife and self, near Centerville, Tex.

25—Quarrel over land near Wilmot, Ark., results in killing of 3 persons.

FOREIGN.

Jan. 1—Earl of Hopetoun, 1st gov. gen. of Australian federation, takes oath of office, at Sydney, N. S. W....Su Hai, murderer of Von Ketteler, German minister to China, beheaded at Peking....Boer invasion of Cape Colony considered grave.



King Edward VII.

2—Lord Roberts arrives in England from South Africa, and is made an earl by Queen Victoria.

4—Sir Alfred Milner appointed gov. of Transvaal and Orange River colony.

12—French kill 1,000 Boxers in battle near Poa-ting-fu.

22—Queen Victoria dies after reigning 64 years. Flags are half-masted over government buildings at Washington. Prince of Wales becomes Edward VII., king of Great Britain and Ireland and emperor of India.

24—King Edward formally proclaimed in London after the quaint customs of earlier times.

Feb. 4—Queen Victoria's remains laid beside those of her husband in Mausoleum at Frogmore.

7—Queen Wilhelmina of Holland marries Duke Henry of Mecklenburg-Schwerin ....Dynamite explosion in San Andres mine in Mexico kills 87 prisoners.

Apr. 3—China refuses to sign Manchurian treaty with Russia on account of protests of powers.

May 2—Final terms of powers to China fix indemnity at 450,000,000 taels....Glasgow exposition opened.

9—First federal parliament of Australia opened by duke of Cornwall (now Prince of Wales) at Melbourne.

Jun. 3—Field Marshal Count von Waldersee departs from Peking amid great military demonstration.

21—Hoshi-Toru, former Japanese minister to U. S., assassinated in Tokio.

25—Leipziger bank at Leipzig, Germany, suspends; $18,000,000.

27—Austria and Mexico resume diplomatic relations, broken off in 1867 by execution of Maximilian.

Jul. 6—Prince von Hohenlohe, former German chancellor, dies at Ragatz, Switzerland.

10—Sultan of Turkey deposits $95,000 with Am. minister to settle claims of Americans growing out of Armenian troubles.

18—Earl Russell pleads guilty to bigamy at bar of house of lords in London; sentenced to 3 mos. imprisonment.

Aug. 5—Dowager Empress Frederick of Germany dies at Friedrichshof.

9—Columbia opens war on Venezuela with an invasion.

Sep. 3—Miss Ellan M. Stone and Mrs. Tsilka captured by brigands near Bansko, Macedonia, and taken to mountains whence letter is sent demanding $110,000.

19—Boers capture 200 British troops at Scheepers Nec....British torpedo boat destroyer Cobra founders in North sea; 67 lives lost.

Oct. 4—Uprising against Pres. Castro's government reported at several points in Venezuela.

22—Gen. Sir Redvers Buller deprived of command of First army corps and reduced to half pay.

Nov. 1—Boers defeat British in battle near Bethel.

5—French squadron seizes 3 Turkish ports of Mitylene to enforce claims....Worst fog in years cripples business in London.

6—Li Hung Chang dies in Peking; aged 79 ....Panama city captured by Colombian insurgents.



The Late Li Hung Chang.

8—Turkey yields to French demands ....Duke of Cornwall and York made prince of Wales and earl of Chester.

12—Gen. Santos J. Zelaya reelected pres. Nicaragua.

15—Storms on British coast result in 180 drowned.

21—Colombia appeals to U. S. to prevent interruption of traffic across isthmus of Panama.

25—U. S. marines take possession of Isthmian railroad.

29—Liberals surrender Colon to Capt. Perry, of U. S. battleship Iowa, who holds city until arrival of government force.

Dec. 1—Pu Chun, Chinese heir apparent, deposed on ground that his father, Prince Tuan, was author of Boxer trouble.

21—At Zacatecas, Mex., appalling loss of life attends burning of municipal market.

23—Kitchener reports severe fighting at numerous points in S. Africa; losses about equally divided between Boers and British.

24—U. S. decides to cut its claim against China of $25,000,000 to $7,000,000, which represents actual damage and cost of military operations....Peace protocol between Argentina and Chili signed; both continue preparations for war.

BUSINESS FAILURES.

Jan. 8—Paragould, Ark., Greene county bank.

26—Montgomery, Ala., Josiah Morris bank.

Feb. 8—Ellettsville, Ind., bank.

21—Lacygne, Kan., Citizens' bank.

25—Ashley City, Ill., private bank; $60,000. ....Desplaines, Ill., Palmer and Meyer's bank; $20,000.

26—Ellettsville, Ind., Edmund Palmer's bank; $30,000.

Mar. 5—J. E. Searles, of New York, capitalist; $1,000,000.

8—Niles, Mich., 1st Nat. bank.

21—W. S. Eden, a Chicago hotel manager; $1,327,368.

30—Hannibal, N. Y., W. J. Brewster & Co., bankers; $125,000.

Apr. 13—City of Mexico, D. Ollivier & Co., dry goods; $900,000.

17—Lemars (Ia.) Nat. bank, on account of $30,000 shortage in president's accounts.

23—Salem, Ore., Gilbert Bros.' bank; $100,000.

27—Westerly, R. I., Mechanics' savings bank; $1,000,000.

May 6—Cleveland, O., Cuyahoga savings bank; $314,946.

11—Canton (S. D.) State bank.

28—Gothenburg, Neb., People's state bank; $90,000.

Jun. 3—Indianapolis State bank of Indiana; voluntary.

11—Dexter, Kan., bank.

25—Springfield, Mass., Pynchon national bank.

27—New York, Seventh national bank.

28—New York, Henry Marquand & Co., bankers and brokers; $8,000,000.

29—Buffalo, N. Y., City national bank; $3,802,003.

Jul. 2—Buffalo, N. Y., Niagara bank.

3—Mansfield, O., Sturges bank, also Mansfield machine works.

Aug. 1—Chicago, George H. Phillips & Co., board of trade firm; $300,000.

2—Avilla, Ind., bank.

3—Austin, Tex., First Nat. bank; $200,000.

24—Des Moines, Ia., Home Savings & Trust Co....Malvern, O., Sandy Valley Banking Co.

26—Carey (O.) Banking Co....New Matamoras, O., bank.

27—Jamestown, Tenn., Bank of Fentries county; $40,000.

Sep. 4—Broken Bow, Neb., Bank of Custer county; $90,000.

Oct. 18—Boyerton (Pa.) Nat. bank.

Dec. 5—Lenoir City (Tenn.) bank.

11—Omaha Loan & Trust Co.; $5,000,000.

12—Wanatah (Ind.) bank.

19—Gothenburg, Neb., state bank; $32,000.

LYNCHINGS.

Jan. 2—Louis McAdams (negro), near Wilsonville, Ala.; assault.

4—Jim Densen and brother (negroes), at Madison, Fla.; murder.

15—Fred Alexander (negro), at Leavenworth, Kan.; murder of white girl....Chas. Lang (negro), near Elko, S. C.; assault.

Feb. 11—Geo. Carter (negro), at Paris, Ky.; assault.

16—Thos. Jackson (colored), at St. Peter, La.; murder of Alexander Bourgeois, wife and 2 children.

20—Peter Berryman (colored), at Mena, Ark.; assaulted 12-year-old girl.

26—Geo. Ward (negro), at Terre Haute, Ind.; murder of Ida Finkelstein....John Knox (white), at Scranton, Miss.; murder of stepson.

Mar. 2—Dewey Smith (negro), near Richmond, Mo.; murder.

6—Will Davis (colored), at Shreveport, La.; assault.

9—Thos. Applegate (white), at Eatonville, N. J.; killed by white caps for wife-beating.

16—Ike Fitzgerald (colored), at Tiptonville, Tenn.; assault....Negro woman near Rome, Tenn.; was suspected of theft.

Apr. 6—May Hearn (white), at Osceola, Ark.; murder.

23—Wyatt Mallory (colored), at Springfield, Tenn.; assault.

May 2—Three negroes, suspected of being implicated in murder, shot near Selma, Ala., by unknown parties.

11—Jas. Brown (colored), at Springfield, Ala.; assault.

13—Lee Key (colored), near Knoxville, Ark., charged with inciting negroes to riot.

22—Milt Calvert (negro), at Griffith, Miss.; attempted assault on 10-year-old girl.

25—Wm. Campbell (colored), at Pond Creek, Okla.; had shot Deputy Sheriff Geo. Smith.

31—Calvin Hall and 3 sons and Dan Yantis, at Lookout, Cal.; petty thievery.

Jun. 7—Mob of lynchers routed by Sheriff Merrill at Carrollton, Ga., killing 1 and injuring 3.

11—Jas. McLoid (white), at Hamburg, Ark.; horse-stealing.

19—Frank Smith and F. D. McLand (negroes), near Shreveport, La.; implicated in Foster murder....D. B. Jones (negro preacher), at La Grange, N. C.; assault.

Jul. 1—Negro who attempted assault on white woman at Lawrenceville, Va.

15—Alex. Herman (negro), hanged by negro mob; charged with murder....Louis Thomas (negro), near Girard, La.; stole bottle of pop.

22—Wm. Brooks (colored), at Elkins, W. Va.; shot Chief of Police Lilly.

Aug. 1—Betsey McCray (colored), her son and daughter, at Carrollton, Miss.; murder.

3—Will Price (colored), at Carrollton, Miss.; complicity in Tallaferro murder.

19—Will Godley and Jean Carter (negroes), near Pearce City, Mo.; suspected of murder.

24—Henry Noles(negro), near Winchester, Tex.; assault and murder.

Sep. 3—Bill Fourney (colored), at Chestnut Grove, Ala.; assault.

12—Ernest Harrison, Sam Reed and Frank Howard (negroes), at Wickliffe, Ky.; murder.

Oct. 1—Five negroes and 1 white killed in race war in Harrison county, Tex.

24—Wm. Morris (colored), at Ball Town, La.; assault.

29—Near Ball Town, La., 2 whites and 15 negroes slain in race war.

Nov. 1—Negro who attempted assault on wife of Representative Daugherty, at Allenton, Ga.

23—Unknown negro near Columbia, S. C.; shot Mrs. Craft.

NECROLOGY.

Jan. 1—Ignatius Donnelly, author and excong., in Minneapolis; 70.

5—Ex-Gov. C. H. Brogden (N. C.), at Goldsboro; 85.

6—P. D. Armour, millionaire packer and philanthropist, in Chicago; 68....Ex-U. S. Senator Jas. W. Bradbury, in Augusta, Me.; 99.

16—Ex-Gov. Jas. A. Mount, in Indianapolis.

17—Ex-U. S. Senator H. H. Revels (Miss.), in New Orleans.

Feb. 3—Ex-Cong. Geo. D. Tillman, at Clarks Hill, S. C.; 76.

10—Cong. Col. Albert D. Shaw (N. Y.), in Washington; 59.

15—Maurice Thompson, poet and novelist, at Crawfordsville, Ind.; 57....Ex-Senator G. A. Pierce (N. D.), in Chicago; 67.

21—Ex-U. S. Senator Stephen M. White, in Los Angeles, Cal.; 48.

28—Ex-U. S. Senator Wm. M. Evarts, in New York; 83.

Mar. 13—Benj. Harrison (23rd U. S. pres.), in Indianapolis; 68.

16—Cong. Marriott Brosius, at Lancaster, Pa.

25—Charlotte M. Yonge, celebrated author, in London, Eng.; 78.

31—Miss Josephine E. Barry, novelist, at Indianapolis; 31.

Apr. 12—Geo. Q. Cannon, leader of Mormons, at Monterey, Cal.; 74.

20—Ex-Gov. Chas. C. Stockley (Del.), at Georgetown; 87.

May 1—Cong. Rosseau E. Crump, in West Bay City, Mich.; 58.

17—Edwin F. Uhl, ambassador to Germany under Cleveland, at Grand Rapids, Mich.; 60.

21—Ex-Cong. C. A. Boutelle (Me.), at Waverly, Mass.; 63.

23—Ex-Gov. John R. Tanner, at Springfield, Ill.; 57.

Jun. 2—Jas. A. Herne, actor and playwright, in New York; 63.

9—Dr. W. H. Daly, chief surgeon of volunteers in Spanish war, who started embalmed beef inquiry, suicided at Pittsburg.

11—Gov. Wm. J. Sanford, at Tuscaloosa, Ala.; 56.

18—Ex-Gov. Hazen S. Pingree (Mich.), in London, Eng.; 59.

23—Adelbert S. Hay, former consul to Prefloria, at New Haven, Conn.

Jul. 1—U. S. Senator Jas. H. Kyle, in Aberdeen, S. D.; 57.

4—Prof. John Fiske, historian, at E. Gloucester, Mass.; 59.

6—Congressman Dr. J. Wm. Stokes, at Orangeburg, S. C.

12—Ex-Gov. R. B. Hubbard, at Tyler, Tex.

Aug. 8—Wm. A. Newall, ex-gov. of N. J. (1847) and of Washington Ter. (1876), in Allentown, N. J.; 84.

29—Ex-Gov. Chas. A. Busiel, at Laconia, N. H.; 59.

Sep. 16—Rt. Rev. H. E. Whipple, of Episcopal church, at Faribault, Minn.; 79.

Oct. 10—Lorenzo Snow, 5th pres. and head of Mormon church, at Salt Lake City; 86.

18—Ex-Gov. John S. Pillsbury, in Minneapolis; 73.

20—Rear Admiral F. M. Bunce (retired), at Hartford, Conn.; 65.

26—Josiah Turner, at Hillsboro, N. C.; elected to congress after civil war and refused seat; 80.

29—Ex-Gov. H. B. Harrison, at New Haven, Conn.; 80.

Nov. 7—Kate Greenaway, artist, in London.

23—A. J. Streeter, labor candidate for pres. in 1888, at New Windsor, Ill.

27—Ex-Gov. D. H. Waite, at Aspen, Col.; 76....Hon. Clem Studebaker, at South Bend, Ind.; 70.

Dec. 14—Ex-Gov. David P. Thompson (Ind. T.), at Portland, Ore.

15—John Swinton, labor leader and writer on economic subjects, in New York; 71.

16—Gov. Wm. Gregory, at Wickford, R. I.; 52.

INDUSTRIAL.

Feb. 1—Purchase of Southern Pacific by Vanderbilt interests completes transportation system extending without break from New York to the orient.

23—Morgan steel combination (known as U. S. steel corporation) organized; capital, $1,100,000,000.

Apr. 8—Combination formed in New York to control practically entire silver and copper output of country.

10—American Soap Manufacturing ass'n composed of 35 factories) organized in Chicago.

May 3—Ill. Central R. R. establishes pension system for old employes.

7—Street railways of Albany, Troy, Cohoes, Watervliet and Rensselaer, N. Y., tied up by strike.

20—In all parts of country 50,000 machinists strike for 9-hr. day.

Jun. 26—Many injured in fight between laborers and police at Rochester, N. Y.

29—Employes of Am. Sheet Steel & Am. Steel Hoop Cos. ordered to quit work because of wage disagreement.

Jul. 14—Pres. Shaffer, of Amalgamated ass'n, orders strike in all U. S. steel corporation mills.

Aug. 12—Total number of steel workers out is 65,000.

14—Charters of lodges of steel workers at South Chicago revoked because of refusal to join strike.

Sep. 4—Pres. Shaffer refuses Schwab's peace offer.

14—Steel strike ended on terms originally offered by Pres. Schwab of U. S. Steel corporation.

Oct. 1—Combination of 23 leading plowmakers effected in Chicago; $100,000,000 capital.

4—At Fall River, Mass., 30,000 mill operators strike for 5 per cent. wage increase.

Nov. 11—Dennis Mulvihill, coal heaver, elected mayor of Bridgeport, Conn.

Dec. 5—Am. Federation of Labor in 21st annual convention, at Scranton, Pa.

13—U. S. Steel corporation adopts civil service system for 2,000 employes on lake boats.

14—Samuel Gompers reelected pres. Am. Federation of Labor, at Scranton, Pa.

16—Representatives of capital and labor meet in New York to devise plan of settling labor disputes.

THE SCHLEY INQUIRY.

Jul. 19—Sec'y. Long bars Maclay's naval history from Annapolis academy on account of harsh criticism of Schley.



Rear Admiral Schley.

24—Sec'y. Long grants Admiral Schley's request for court of inquiry.

25—Admiral Dewey and Rear Admirals Kimberley and Benham (retired) named as members of court.

30—Admiral Kimberley asks to be relieved from serving because of ill-health; Admiral Howison named in his stead.

Sep. 12—Schley court opens. Admiral Dewey sustains protest against Admiral Howison serving.

13—Rear Admiral F. M. Ramsay appointed to take Howison's place.

20—Schley inquiry resumed after intermission caused by Pres. McKinley's death.

24—Judge Jeremiah Wilson, aged 73, senior counsel for Schley, dies suddenly in Washington.

27—Court refuses request of Admiral Sampson to be represented at trial by counsel.

Oct. 24—Admiral Schley takes stand, tells story of Santiago battle, and denies charges against him.

Nov. 4—Evidence all in and arguments begun.

7—Capt. Lemly makes closing argument and court adjourns to digest evidence presented.

Dec. 13—Schley court of inquiry unanimously votes censure for "vacillation, dilatoriness and lack of enterprise" prior to June 1 and for inaccurate official reports and misleading statements on coal supply. Admiral Dewey, in separate finding, gives Schley entire credit for the victory at Santiago.

18—Admiral Schley files bill of exceptions to majority findings.

20—Admiral Sampson files protest against Admiral Dewey's minority report.

21—Sec'y Long indorses findings of majority of court, and orders dismissal of Historian Maclay from service in Brooklyn navy yard....Pres. Roosevelt personally reprimands Gen. Miles for discussing Schley case.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Jan. 4—Earthquake at Mound City and Pleasanton, Kan....Six ft. of snow in parts of California.

Feb. 3—Severe snowstorms throughout Ill. Ia., Neb., Kan. and Mo., and parts of Wis., Mich. and Ind.

Mar. 9—Will's Point, Tex., tornado; 8 killed....Tornado in Arkansas kills 16 and destroys much property....Red Bud, Ill., tornado.

25—Birmingham, Ala., cyclone; 40 persons killed, and $300,000 of property destroyed. ....Tornado wrecks buildings at Mustcash, O....Cyclone at Pavilion, Mich.

26—Adamsville, Mich., cyclone destroys buildings.

Apr. 19—Biscayne, Fla., wrecked by tornado.

Jun. 5—In n. w. N. Dak. 3 in. of snow.

8—Cyclone in E. Oklahoma; 12 persons killed and village of Eddy entirely destroyed.

17—Gate City and Big Stone Gap, Va., wrecked by cyclone.

21—Near Naper, Neb., cyclone; 8 killed.

23—W. Va., in Elkhorn river valley, cloudburst; 100 lives lost; towns Keystone and Vivian destroyed.

28—La Crosse, Wis., tornado.

Jul. 1—Record breaking heat causes 94 deaths in New York, 14 in Philadelphia, 18 in Pittsburg, 14 in Baltimore and 5 in Chicago.

21—Heat smashes all records in western states; official thermometers register 118 deg. in Ill., 110 in Ia., 104 in Wis., 106 in Neb., 102 in Mich., 110 in Ind., and 100 in Kan.

26—Topeka, Kan., thermometer drops below 100 mark 1st time in 28 days.

27—Drenching rain breaks drought in corn belt; excessive heat had continued 40 das.

31—Kilmar, Kan., cyclone.

Aug. 8—Late wheat damaged by frost near Bottineau, N. D.

16—Tidal wave on gulf floods New Orleans, Mobile and other places; navy ships lost and 6 persons drowned.

21—Anadrako, Okla., wrecked by cyclone.

Sep. 1—Cleveland, O., cloudburst devastates district 8 miles long by 1½ wide; damage, $1,000,000.

Oct. 14—First snow of season in Kan. and killing frost.

Nov. 3—Snowstorms in Ill., Wis. and Ia.

13—Severe earthquake in southern Utah.

16—Meteor sets lake of oil afire, near Tulsa, I. T.

25—Storm on Atlantic coast destroys property worth $1,000,000; 5 lives lost.

Dec. 6—Extreme cold in Catskill mountains; 33 below recorded.

15—Coldest Dec. day in 25 yrs. in Chicago; 12 below 0. Intense cold throughout west. ....Floods throughout Pa. and N. Y.; 15 lives lost....Worst earthquake since '68 in Manila.

GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS.

Jan. 1—Benj. Odell, Jr., inaugurated gov. N. Y....Gov. Bliss (Mich.) inaugurated.



Pres. Roosevelt.

2—Briefs to support argument that constitution follows flag in Porto Rico case filed in U. S. supreme court.

3—W. W. Crane (Mass.), C. P. Jordan (N. H.), J. F. Hill (Me.) and C. H. Dietrich (Neb.) —all republican governors — inaugurated.

7—Gov. Robt. M. La Follette (Wis.) inaugurated.

8—Govs. Jas. B. Orman (Col.), M. B. McSweeney (S. C.), W. S. Jennings (Fla.) and Herreid (S. D.) inaugurated.

9—U. S. senate agrees to house amendment abolishing sale of liquor in army canteen....Gov. Sam. R. Van Sant (Minn.) inaugurated.

14—U. S. supreme court holds that Cuba is foreign territory, and that C. F. W. Neely, accused of embezzling postal funds in Cuba, is subject to extradition....Govs. Richard Yates (Ill.), W. T. Durbin (Ind.), A. M. Dockery (Mo.) and W. E. Stanley (Neb.) inaugurated....National electors cast ballots for pres. and vice pres.; returns show 28 states cast 292 votes for McKinley and 17 states 155 for Bryan.

15—M. S. Quay (rep., Pa), Geo. F. Hoar (rep., Mass.), W. P. Frye (rep., Me.), H. E. Burnham (rep., N. H.), Jas. McMillan (rep., Mich.), Thos. M. Patterson (fusionist, Ind. T.) elected U. S. senators....Gov. Sayers (Tex.) inaugurated....Thirty Filipino leaders deported from Manila to Guam.

16—Gov. Allen signs 1st bill passed by Porto Rican legislature, providing for jury trials....W. A. Clark (Mont.), B. R. Tillman (S. C.) and F. W. Carmack (Tenn.) elected U. S. senators.

18—Gov. Jefferson Davis (Ark.) inaugurated.

22—U. S. senators elected: S. M. Cullom (Ill.), Knute Nelson and M. E. Clapp (Minn.), R. J. Gamble (S. D.), W. J. Sewall (N. J.), J. E. Burton (Kan.), S. B. Elkins (W. Va.), Jas. H. Barry (Ark.), J. W. Bailey (Tex.) and F. M. Simmons (N. C.) ....Gov. McMillan (Tenn.) inaugurated.

Feb. 2—Pres. signs army reorganization bill.

5—N. A. Miles appointed lieutenant general under new army law.

13—First Filipino provincial government launched in province of Pampanga.... Congress makes official count of electoral votes for pres. and vice pres.; McKinley and Roosevelt declared elected by 292 votes against 155 for Bryan and Stevenson.

23—J. H. Mitchell (rep., Ore.) elected U. S. senator.

Mar. 2—Pres. McKinley signs army bill with its provisions for governing Philippines and concerning relations with Cuba.

4—President McKinley inaugurated for 2nd term, and Vice Pres. Roosevelt takes oath of office; inaugural ball most spectacular in history of such affairs....Congress adjourns sine die after passing all large appropriation bills except the river and harbor, which was talked to death by Senator Carter (Mont.).....Appropriations by 56th congress amount to $1,440,062,545.

8—Paris Gibson (dem., Mont.) elected U. S. senator....Delaware legislature adjourns without electing U. S. senators.

23—Atty. Gen. Griggs resigns position in president's cabinet.

27—Aguinaldo, Filipino insurgent chief, captured by Gen. Funston.

28—Gov. C. H. Dietrich and J. H. Millard, both republicans, elected U. S. senators from Neb.

Apr. 1—Tom L. Johnson elected mayor of Cleveland, O.

9—Philander C. Knox, of Pittsburg, sworn in as atty. gen. in president's cabinet.

11—Order issued by Sec. of Navy Long makes Admiral Dewey ranking officer of navy, J. A. Howell, senior rear admiral; W. S. Schley is No. 5 and Wm. T. Sampson No. 7 in line of promotion....Aguinaldo's manifesto acknowledges incapacity of Filipinos for self-government and advices insurgents to make peace.

28—Pres. McKinley and party start on transcontinental trip.

30—McKinley party at Memphis.

May 1—Gov. Dietrich (Neb) resigns to begin term in U. S. senate; Lieut. Gov. Savage becomes gov....Pres. McKinley welcomed to New Orleans.

3—Pres. welcomed to Tex. by Gov. Sayers at Houston.

8—Pres. and party at Los Angeles, welcomed to state by Gov. Gage.

12—Mrs. McKinley suddenly becomes ill, and pres. reaches San Francisco 2 days ahead of schedule.

20—Gen. Lucana and 30 other Filipino officers and 245 men surrender to Gen. Funston swearing allegiance to U. S.

23—U. S. supreme court decides insular cases holding constitution does not follow flag in territory acquired by war.

24—Pres. and party leave San Francisco for Washington.

25—Senators Tillman and McLaurin (S. C.) resign from U. S. senate.

31—Gov. McSweeney (S. C.) declines to accept resignations of Senators Tillman and McLaurin.

Jun. 12—Cuban constitutional convention accepts Platt amendment on terms satisfactory to U. S.

22—Gen. Chaffee appointed military gov. of Philippines....Gen. Cailles and 650 Filipinos surrender in Luzon.

Jul. 1—Pres. signs commission of Judge Taft as civil gov. of Philippines....Repeal of large part of war stamp tax goes into effect.

11—A. B. Kittredge (S. D.) appointed U. S. senator to succeed Kyle.

23—Wm. H. Hunt named to succeed C. A. Allen as gov. of Porto Rico.

Aug. 10—Admiral Evans reprimanded by navy department for offensive criticism of former Sec'y of Navy W. E. Chandler.

Sep. 5—Alabama constitutional convention adopts code disfranchising negroes and adjourns.

14—Theo.

Cameron County Press

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Per year.....$2 00
If paid is advance.....$1 50

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2 00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business Cards, five lines or less $5.00 per year over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising

No local inserted for less than 75 cts. per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

Bent on Party Wrecking.

Philadelphia Inquirer.

The Inquirer has taken occasion to repeat several times that no matter what the Republican State Convention of next summer may do in the making of a State ticket its candidates will be opposed by the Fusionists drawn from the Democratic party and from the ranks of Wanamakerism.

Now comes one of the organs of Fusion in Philadelphia acknowledging the truth of this declaration. It says:

> This is the magnanimous purpose that inspired the Democratic and Republican fusion in behalf of Yerks and Coray; and nothing is likely to arise to divert this purpose. The issue will be with the Machine, no matter whom it may set up for its figurehead in the election for Governor.

Of course it is impossible for the organs of the party wrecking movement to refer to a Republican convention in any other way than as "The Machine," just as if delegates are not elected in every county of Pennsylvania by the people and just as if no other party in the State is possessed of an organization. The Democratic party has been split because two machines quarreled and because there were too many would-be leaders. The Union party is nothing but a machine of the most pronounced type, and in the recent campaign in Philadelphia it was controlled by some of the most obnoxious politicians ever produced.

The very plain announcement on the part of our morning contemporary makes it perfectly evident that the fusion movement is intended solely to place a combination of Democrats and bolting Republicans in power, both in State and Congressional affairs, and that no attention whatever will be paid to the work of the Republican convention. The combination proposes to fight, not candidates as such, but because they represent the Republican party.

In other words it is to be an attempt, just as has been made before, to smash Republicanism.

Well, go it! And we will tell you exactly what will happen.

The Republican State Convention will nominate a ticket without the slightest regard for the organs of Wanamakerism. They are of no influence. They have proved their utter worthlessness. There is not a single one of them who has not fought and scratched and maligned and blackguarded until the people are heartily sick of them all and know in just what measure of contempt to hold them.

No attention will be paid to them as a matter of course, and the convention very naturally will do its work without their advice and will appeal to the people. That appeal will be listened to, and the Republican ticket will be elected.

There is not the slightest danger that the Republican State of Pennsylvania will be frightened by a few barking orators of boss-ridden Democracy and machine-controlled Wanamakerism, and the combination can put up Gordon—who is apparently laying his plans to capture the nomination—or Yerks or Guffey or anybody else, it matters not, for no Democrat or follower of Wanamakerism can be elected to any office by the votes of the people.

The fusion schemers might as well save their time and their money, and especially their money, for they cannot even buy Pennsylvania. This State is not for sale, and it is far too prosperous to harken to the noisy harangues of prosperity wreckers and self-seekers.

The many friends of G. H. Hausan, Engineer, L. E. & W. R. R., at present living in Lima, O., will be pleased to know of his recovery from threatened kidney disease. He writes. "I was cured by using Foley's Kidney Cure, which I recommend to all, especially trainmen who are usually similarly afflicted." L. Taggart.

Mason Hill.

On deck again.

David Ives made a flying trip to Medix Run Wednesday.

James Lynch, of Sterling Run, was seen on our streets Friday.

Mrs. J. R. Russell visited friends at Cross Forks last week.

Mrs. J. O. Jordan spent last week with friends at St. Marys.

Williams and Tanner have begun hauling timber to the creeks.

M. M. Hill and wife spent Sunday with friends at Huntley.

C. M. Bailey and wife spent Christmas with J. M. English at Driftwood.

Auditors, Geo. E. Wylie and Ray Smith, had business here Thursday.

A. W. Marsh, of Sterling Run, was the guest of David Marsh on Friday.

H. J. Williams left for Bradford county on Saturday, where he will visit friends during the winter.

Miss Nellie Marsh returned to her school at Hicks Run on Sunday, after a weeks vacation.

Miss Ava Lane who has been indisposed for a few weeks with neuralgia is now able to be around again.

Mr. Roy Miller, the noted explorer, has returned from his southern trip and will visit friends here for a few days.

C. W. Williams and wife, and O. B. Tanner and wife spent Christmas with W. M. Thomas at Emporium.

Thos. Kane, an inimate from Gibson township died in the Warren hospital on Monday. Interment was made at Warren on Wednesday.

Tax collector Tanner says its not healthy to collect taxes on Bennetts Branch without a savage rifle.

Smith Guthrie, of Mix Run, an old timer, was the guest of J. W. Lane on Wednesday. If Wess Barr had been present he certainly would have remained silent.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Connor, of Sinnemahoning; Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Barr, of Huston Hill; Walter Barr of First Fork; and Ethel Barr of Driftwood, were the guest of Mrs. A. Barr on Christmas.

L. B. Russell, became discouraged, gave up the ghost, and moved to Medix Run. His superior Wess Barr having lied him out of the chair, under the present management Sinnemahoning and Cameron Liars club will have to "go way back and sit down." L. B. will now turn his attention to farming and stock raising, having rented a farm at that place. DING.

Rich Valley.

Quite a heavy fall of snow in these parts on Saturday night.

We are so sorry to hear that Fritz Craven is again seriously ill.

Prayer-meeting at parsonage every Thursday evening. Everybody made welcome.

We noticed Bert Housler has been visiting old friends in the Valley the past few days.

The party at L. Lockwood's on Christmas evening was largely attended and all report a good time.

Elihu Barton and wife are in Olean, called there by the sickness of Mrs. Barton's mother.

Jack Panting, of Clear Creek visited his brother Richard Panting, of this place on Christmas day.

There was a surprise party at P. S. Culver's in the form of a prayer-meeting Tuesday evening the 24th of December.

Mrs. Liza Lewis was made happy over the gift of a beautiful organ for Christmas. Come again, Santa.

P. S. Culver and wife had a family reunion, inviting their children home to partake of a Christmas dinner.

Patrick Dolan and family have moved from their home above Elk Lick into the house lately occupied by David Sloppy.

We learn that Alva Craven has returned from Williamsport hospital where he has had to undergo a surgical operation of removing a piece of bone from the arm.

Mr. Richard Panting has purchased a fine black colt for his wife.

Mrs. A. O. Swartwood visited friends in the Valley the past week.

Ask Gertrude if they have electric lights at Gardeau. She can tell you.

We have heard of the arrival of a fine little gentleman at Douglars and that the little fellow has come to stay.

We learn that during the past week Geo, Carter, while working in the woods, was run over by a trail of logs receiving some injuries thereby.

Lost, strayed or stolen—a cap. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning the same to headquarters of Monday night's sleighing party.

Our beautiful moonlight nights are past, but some of our young people do not care about that for they take a Moon along with them. Ask F.—— he knows.

Our young people are making good use of the sleighing, sleighing parties being now the order of the day, but do not ask any of them how early they get back.

Floyd, son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Mac died at the family home in Rich Valley, Jan. 1st, 1902. The sorrowing parents have heartfelt sympathy of their friends and neighbors.

ZANTIPPE.

A Life at Stake.

If you but knew the splendid spirit of Foley's Honey and Tar you would never be without it A dose or two will prevent an attack of pneumonia or la grippe. It may save your life. L. Taggart.

Wyside.

Geo. W. Batchelder spent Christmas at Huntley.

Miss Minnie Jordan visited her parents at Huntley Christmas week.

Sheridan Mead spent Christmas with his best girl at Cross Forks.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Jordan spent Christmas with their parents at Huntley.

Miss Beatrice Barclay is spending the winter with her sister in Seattle, Wash.

Harrry Ward has not found the girl that he has been looking for as yet.

The big mill is making full time. The shingle mill has shut down for the winter.

G. F. Barclay is spending a couple of months in Seattle, Washington, this winter

Jacob Shafer and J. R. Batchelder are in the fur business this winter. Furs will take a drop soon.

Miss Zelda Fisher, of Keating, who has been attending school at this place, went home to spend the holidays.

Dr. Corbet has been down this way several times lately and the result is quite a number of sore arms.

Mrs. F. E. Jordan was very sick last week but is reported better, under the care of Dr. Corbet, of Driftwood.

The shooting match between M. Blodget and Jas. Batchelder of Wyside, and Jacob Shafer and Josiah Berfield of Sinnemahoning, has not came off yet. When it does, look out for some record breaking.

Fatal kidney and bladder troubles can always be prevented by the use of Foley's Kidney Cure. L. Taggart

---

Better dry bread at home than roast meat abroad.

Stop It!

A neglected cough or cold may lead to serious bronchial or lung troubles. Don't take chances when Foley's Honey and Tar affords perfect security from serious effects of a cold. L. Taggart.

He that buys a house ready wrought, buys many a plank and nail for naught.

In Bed Four Weeks With La Grippe.

We have received the following letter from Mr. Rey Kemp, of Angola, Ind. "I was in bed four weeks with la grippe and I tried many remedies and spent considerable for treatment with physicians, but I received no relief until I tried Fo ey's Honey and Tar. Two small bottles of this medicine cured me and I now use it exclusively in my family." Take no substitutes. L. Taggart.

England spends £8,400,000 a year on her paupers, Scotland £900,000, Ireland £1,400,000; France spends less than £1,500,000.

Finds Way To Live Long.

The startling announcement of a Discovery that will surely lengthen life is made by editor O. H. Downey, of Churubusco. Ind. "I wish to state," he writes, "that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption is the most infallible remedy that I have ever known for Coughs, Colds and Grip. It's invaluable to people with weak lungs. Having this wonderful medicine no one need dread Pneumonia or Consumption. Its relief is instant and cure certain." L. Taggart guarantee every 50c and $1.00 bottle, and give trial bottles free.

An empty purse and a new house make a man wise, but too late.

Child Worth Millions.

"My child is worth millions to me," says Mrs. Mary Bird of Harrisburg, Pa., "yet I would have lost her by croup had I not purchased a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure." One Minute Cough Cure is sure cure for coughs, croup and throat and lung troubles. An absolutely safe cough cure which acts immediately. The youngest child can take it with entire safety. The little ones like the taste and remember how often it helped them. Every family should have a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure handy. At this season especially it may be needed suddenly. R. C. Dodson.

Artesian wells sunk 1,200 feet in Washington reach abundant water at 70 degrees temperature.

A Cure for Lumbago.

W. C. Williamson, of Amherst, Va., says: "For more than a year I suffered from lumbago. I finally tried Chamberlain's Pain Balm and it gave me entire relief which all other remedies had failed to do." Sold by L. Taggart.

"Some time ago my daughter caught a severe cold. She complained of pains in her chest and and a bad cough. I gave her Chamberlain's Cough Remedy according to directions and in two days she was well and able to go to school. I have used this remedy in my family for the past seven years and have never known it to fail," says James Prendergast, merchant, Annato Bay, Jamaica, West India Islands. The pains in the chest indicated an approaching attack of pneumonia, which in this instance was undoubedly warded off by Chamberlain's cough Remedy. It counteracts any tendency of a cold toward pneumonia. For sale by L. Taggart.

Don't Live Together.

Constipation and health never go together. DeWitt's Little Early Risers promote easy action of the bowels without distress. "I have been troubled with costiveness nine years," says J. O. Greene, Depauw, Ind. "I have tried many remedies but Little Early Risers give best results." R. C. Dodson.

The Little Blue Book.

The handy little publication for December contains the new time tables of all railroads in Pennsylvania, with their connections. Indispensable to a man who is traveling or who expects to. Published monthly at $1.00 per year. Single copies by mail, ten cents. Address W. P. Hastings, Milton, Penna.

The January number of The Ladies' Home Journal is a regular store-house of interesting facts and good fiction, and in point of illustrations is one of the most beautiful issues ever given the public. It opens with a page showing some of Miss Brownells's artistic photographs, then tells "How Uncle Sam Guards His Millions," and presents Mr. Kipling's actual experience in "raising" a baby lion—a really remarkable piece of writing. Cardinal Gibbons contributes a fearless article on "The Restless Woman," and James Whitcomb Riley's "Home Folks" are described and pictured. Plans for "A $6000 House and a Garden" are given, Will Bradley shows the dining-room of "his house." The editorial page is given up to extracts from sixty-eight letters relating to the "cramming" system in the schools. It is pathetically powerful. In the way of fiction are the second part of "The Russells in Chicago," the conclusion of Miss Portor's "A Gentleman of the Blue Grass," and of Frederick M. Smith's delightful romance, "Christine," and "The Wisdom of the Dove," a clever short story by Lilian Brooks. The pictorial feature are headed by the second part of The Journal's picture story of "What a Girl Does at College," which shows the athletic side of college life, and there are two pages devoted to pretty rural scenes "Along Country Roads." Eight pages are given up to the new fashion department under the editorship of Virginia Louis Ralston, and all of the regular editorial departments are excellent. By The Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia. One dollar a year; ten cents a copy.

Remarkable Cure of Croup. A Little Boy's Life Saved.

I have a few words to say regarding Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It saved my little boy's life and I feel that I cannot praise it enough. I bought a bottle of it from A. E. Steere of Goodwin, S. D., and when I got home with it the poor baby could hardly breathe. I gave the medicine as directed every ten minutes until he "threw up" and then I thought sure he was going to choke to death. We had to pull the phlegm out of his mouth in great long strings. I am positive that if I had not got that bottle of cough medicine, my boy would not be on earth to day.—Joel Demont, Inwood, Iowa. For sale by L. Taggart.

Profitable Investment.

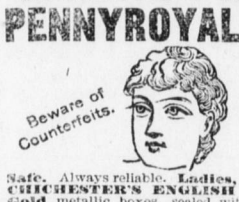
"I was troubled for about seven years with my stomach and in bed half my time," says E Demick, Somerville, Ind. "I spent about $1 000 and never could get anything to help me until I tried Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I have taken a few bottles and am entirely well." You don't live by what you eat, but by what you digest and assimilate. If your stomach doesn't digest your food you are really starving. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure does the stomach's work by digesting the food. You don't have to diet. Eat all you want. Kodol Dpspepsia Cure cures all stomach troubles. R. C. Dodson.

The Sweedish government is disposed to adopt electricity on its entire railroad system.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

KIDNEY DISEASES
are the most fatal of all diseases.
FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE Is a Guaranteed Remedy
or money refunded. Contains remedies recognized by eminent physicians as the *best* for Kidney and Bladder troubles.
PRICE 50c. and $1.00.
L. Taggart, Emporium, Pa. 36-28.

YOUR FAITH will be as strong as ours if you try
Shiloh's Consumption Cure and ours is so strong we guarantee a cure or refund money, and we send you free trial bottle if you write for it. SHILOH'S costs 25 cents and will cure Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis and all Lung Troubles. Will cure a cough or cold in a day, and thus prevent serious results. It has been doing these things for 50 years. S. C. WELLS & CO., Le Roy, N. Y.
Karl's Clover Root Tea corrects the Stomach

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS


Safe. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists.
CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO.
2100 Madison Square, PHILA., PA.
Mention this paper.

Clothing.

The past year has been a record breaker in our business, and we will not stop here, but will make a special effort by giving the people better values so as to increase our business still more.

OVERCOATS AND SUITS
FOR MEN AND BOYS.

Our assortment of Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats is extraordinary large and we can please you if you are thinking of buying a suit, at prices that will be much lower than elsewhere.

NEW PANAMA HATS.
NEW STIFF HATS.

We have a nice line of these popular hats and invite the gentlemen to inspect our stock. We are always pleased to show goods.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS.

We have taken especial care to keep our assortment of Furnishings complete in every detail.

LADIES' FURS.

We carry the most handsome stock of Ladies Furs in this section of the state and our prices are moderate, considering the quality of goods we handle.

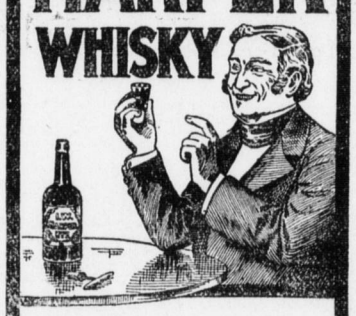
Jasper Harris,
The People's Popular Clothier.

Handsome Line.
OLD RELIABLE DRUG STORE.
CHINA WARE at REDUCED PRICES
BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS! Don't buy until you have priced them.
DOLLS FOR THE LITTLE ONES
Comb and Brush Sets from one dollar up to four dollars.
Sterling Silver Novelties. A great variety.
If you fail to call and examine Taggart's large stock before buying you will be the looser.
L. TAGGART.

Fall and Winter Stock
OUR Fall and Winter stock of ew goods has arrived, and our store is full of bargains. - - -
The public is invited to call and examine goods and get prices. - - -
J. E. SMITH,
Sterling Run, Pa.

Dress Well! Look Well! How?
To dress well and look well is the aim of the average man. You cannot do better so purchase one of those neat-fitting, stylish suits at
FRANK F. SEGER'S.
OUR NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS
Will please you and the prices will make them go, make you happy, make us feel good and we will all feel good. We never boast, but will just say that, as every one knows, our stock is large and just what you want to see.
Every department is fully up to date.
FRANK F. SEGER.
East Allegheny Ave.

THE PRESS IS THE BEST MEDIUM FOR ADVERTISERS IN THIS SECTION. LOW PRIC

HARPER WHISKY

A DELIGHTFUL BEVERAGE,
A SAFE STIMULANT,
A GOOD MEDICINE.
For sale by
WM. McGEE.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.
Emporium, Pa., Dec. 10, 1901.

NEMO PHILA, per sack	$1 15
Graham, "	60
Rye "	60
Buckwheat, "	70
Patent Meal, "	55
Coarse Meal, per 100,	1 60
Chop Feed, "	1 60
Middlings, Fancy "	1 60
Bran, "	1 50
Corn, per bushel,	89
White Oats, per bushel,	62
Choice Clover Seed,	At Market Prices.
Choice Timothy Seed,	
Choice Millet Seed,	
Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMPORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.
At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..



R. C. DODSON.
Telephone, 19-2.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card or letter, personally.

Wm. McElvane and wife, of Cameron were in Emporium on Saturday.

"Shorty" Harrington spent the holidays with friends at his old home.

Mrs. Johnston, of Austin, is guest of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Julian this week.

John E. Smith, of Sterling Run, was transacting business in Emporium last week

Mrs. N. P. Warner, of Muncy, has been visiting in Emporium the past week.

Miss Margaret Murphy has accepted a position in the post office at this place.

W. D. Ensign and wife were pleasant callers at this office Thursday, Dec. 26th.

Lindley Beattie, wife and son of Buffalo, spent the holidays with friends in town.

Robt. Proudfoot, of DuBois, spent the holidays with his brother Orville at this place.

Clark Chapman has accepted a position in the Pennsylvania R. R. yard office at this place.

Mrs. M. Phoenix, of Cameron, spent Christmas with her daughter Mrs. R. S. Oyler of Keating Summit.

Mrs. F. H. Hayes, of Bradford, spent the holidays with D. C. Hayes and family on Fifth street.

James Wagner and Miss Josephine Smith, both of this place, were married at Olean, N. Y., on Dec. 25th, 1901.

Mrs. Fetzer, of Centre county, who has been visiting her daughter Mrs. John Cummerford has returned home.

The venerable Geo. Chapman, of Lumber was in town one day last week and made the PRESS sanctum a short visit.

J. H. Swain, who is now located at Keating Summit, has moved his family to Emporium where they are comfortably located in the Odd Fellows Block.

Mrs. C. G. Schmidt returned on Monday Dec. 30th, from Wyoming county, where she was called on account of the death of her sister, Mrs. Place, who will be pleasantly remembered by many Emporium people, having visited here about two years ago. Mrs. Schmidt was accompanied by the two year old daughter of her sister, who will now make her home in Emporium.

Henry Auchu and wife visited Montreal, Canada, Christmas week.

Our old friend C. C. Fay was a pleasant PRESS caller last Monday.

Mrs. Geo. Pepper who has been very seriously ill is slowly improving.

Miss Grace A. Walker went to Galeton on Tuesday to visit her relatives there.

J. B. Schriever, of Scranton, shook hands with old-time Emporium friends last week.

Miss Edna Warner has returned from a delightful visit with Philadelphia relatives.

John Blinzler returned on Tuesday from Buffalo where he purchased a fine team of horses.

Thomas Waddington contemplates a trip to England in the near future, to visit his relatives.

E. J. Jones, of St. Marys, transacted business in Emporium on Tuesday, while en route to Buffalo.

Mr. and Mrs. John M. Given, of Kane, passed Christmas day with F. A. Hill and wife at this place.

County Auditor Chas. L. Butler ate his New Year's dinner with his brother, Joseph M., at Port Alleganey.

Hector Norris, of Kane, has been spending a few days in Emporium this week visiting old friends.

Rev. Dr. Clark, of Eldred, exchanged with Rev. Mr. Robertson, Rector of Emmanuel church, last Sabbath.

Mrs. Margaret D. O'Brien, of First Fork, was in attendance at the funeral of her mother, Mrs. Mary Galvin.

Chester Hockley returned to Buffalo last Sunday, after visiting his father and brother at this place for several days.

Miss Grace Leet has returned to Wilson College, at Chambersburg, after passing the holidays with her parents.

Mr. J. W. Ritter, of Wellsboro, has accepted the position of blacksmith at the Furnace. He is cousin of the late H. C. Rockwell.

B. W. Green, Esq., has the thanks of ye editor and family for a basket of oranges, grown at his Florida grove. They were delicious.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Bingeman and Miss Annie Bingeman from Treverton were the guest of R. P. Bingeman and family Christmas week.

County Auditors, W. H. Logue, C. L. Butler and M. Brennan are attending to their duties. Mr. W. L. Thomas is serving the board as clerk.

Miss Nellie Dick, of Port Allegany, who is attending the Normal at Fair Haven, took dinner with Rev. and Mrs. W. A. Pugsley, last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Glazier, and Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Bryan, of Bradford, were in attendance at the funeral of their grandmother, Mrs. Mary Galvin.

W. A. Dalrymple, head filer for the C. B. Howard Co., of Emporium, was a pleasant caller at this office on Monday while enroute for Galeton.—Austin Autograph.

Mrs. W. Grant Walker-Egbert and her bright little daughter, of Ithaca, N. Y., are visiting the former's parents at this place. Mrs. Egbert has recently returned from Germany.

Miss Mary Davison, who has been visiting her parents at this place during the past two weeks, returned to her studies at Wilson College, Chambersburg, last Monday.

Dr. E. O. Bardwell was called to Portland Mills Pa., on Tuesday to consult wilh several physicians as to the condition of Mrs. Geo Gross, who is seriously ill. Dr. Bardwell believes the lady will recover.

Roy Gleason came up to attend the watch meeting at the Acorn club, Tuesday evening.....Misses Ruth and Bess Richardson, of Driftwood, are guests of their sister, Mrs. V. King Pifer, of West Long avenue.—DuBois Courier.

Mrs. E. C. Davison, of East Ward, was a PRESS caller on Monday, representing the ladies of Presbyterian church, who are arranging for the entertainment to be given by the State College Thespians, at this place, Feb. 8th.

Councilman C. G. Catlin was a PRESS visitor this (Wednesday) and in addition to renewing his subscription for 1902, ordered the paper sent to his son for one year. Mr. Catlin informs the PRESS that his term as Councilman from the middle ward expires with this councilmanic year. He is one of the most careful, competent and experienced members of that body and the tax-payers should insist upon his re-election.

A Layman's Views of Episcopal Convention at San Francisco.

A PAPER READ BY MR. JOSIAH HOWARD AT PORT ALLEGANY, PA., SUNDAY, NOV. 17, 1901.

The General Convention of the Episcopal church which meets every three years, was opened this year of our Lord 1901 at San Francisco, California, October 2nd, and closed October 17th.

It was two weeks of closely attended five hour sessions each week day, with a multitude of special services on Sundays, closely attended, because the delegations were largely composed of men of known ability in church, financial or business affairs, who have acquired the recognition and confidence of the world by strict and constant and steady attention to matters in their charge.

San Francisco papers said that one of the most interesting features of the Convention was the personnel of the Convention itself.

One of course expects to see every Bishop in his place in the upper house, and every clerical member of the lower house in attendance, this is their work. But vastly more striking is the regular attendance and work of the lay deputies. What an impressive example it must have been to many of the people of San Francisco who spend most of their Sundays at the theatres or social dances. But above all it ought to arouse every business man everywhere out of the awful apathy into which they have fallen in their relations to church work; to know that there was at that Convention, giving up five weeks of their time, watching with deep interest and entering into every detail of the Churches' work and regarding that work apparently of superior interest to their own personal gains; two men, partners in the greatest financial concern in the country, also, men high in the professing of letters, lawyers, shining lights at the bar, eminent jurists from the bench, and men standing high in every commercial relation, men who are not just beginners in putting on religion, but who all their lives have been active Church workers, holding fast to the form of sound words as they received them, and still anxious to spread the comfortable Gospel of Christ for the uplifting and saving of all men.

Prominent among these might be mentioned Mr. Robt. Treat Paine of Boston, one of the foremost figures in philanthropical work in America, grand-son of the signer of the Declaration of Independence by that name, and for thirty years President of the Associated Charities of Boston, and who has given $200,000 as an endowment in trust to the Paine Association for charitable purposes. Massachusetts also sent Dean Hodges, whose sermons are so widely read. Judge Stiness of the Superior Court of Rhode Island, Mr. Burton Mansfield, the distinguished lawyer from Connecticut, Mr. J. P. Morgan the banker, Mr. F. L. Stetson the lawyer, and Dr. Greer, all from New York, the venerable white haired citizen of Florida, Mr. Geo. H. Fairbanks, Maryland sent Mr. Jos. Packard one of her leading citizens also Mr. E. Tatnal Warner, a man of vast business interests, who is warden of the oldest church in Wilmington and an active Sunday School worker. Then from Pennsylvania were Judge Hugh M. North also Francis A. Lewis and Chas. Clement, prominent members of the bar.

In the Milwaukee delegation was L. H. Moorehouse, representing the largest and most energetic publishers of church literature in America.

We should also mention Mr. Geo. C. Thomas the Treasurer of the General Board of Church Missions, who is head of the banking house of Drexel, Morgan & Co., of Philadelphia, but who finds time and takes pleasure in active church work, besides being Superintendent of one of the largest Sunday Schools in America, that of the Holy Apostles of Philadelphia, having I think about 1500 scholars.

To attempt to write of all who were present or what was accomplished would require much space. Suffice it to say that there were about 70 Bishops present who sat in the Sunday school room of Trinity Church with closed doors and acted as a law-making body by themselves, they having full charge of all Missionary work of the church, with the making or disposing of Priests and Bishops and the setting forth of special prayers for special occasions, excepting that no change can be made in the wording or use of the Prayer Book or the translation of the Bible, nor can any newly elected missionary Bishop be consecrated until such change or election is approved and concurred in by the House of Lay and Clerical deputies voting in general assembly in manner prescribed by the Constitution and Church Canons, nor can any change be made in the Constitution or Canons unless it receives the concurrent vote in both Houses in two consecutive triennial Conventions. The House of Deputies sat in the main body of Trinity church and consisted of four Laymen and four Clergymen from each of the fifty-nine dioceses entitled to representation as fully organized dioceses. These with the representatives of missionary districts, who were not entitled to vote, made about 700 of an attendance at the Convention proper. Then there were the Womans' Auxiliary, the King's Daughters, the St. Andrews Brotherhood and the Board of General Missions, with their delegates and friends, making an estimated total of 4,000 Episcopalian visitors in San Francisco during the Convention.

The remarkable thing about the Convention was not that Mr. Morgan and Bishop Potter should sit so long and so attentively at a Church Convention for they have attended several General Conventions, before, but to my mind it was truly remarkable that these two men should sit as members of the Board of Domestic and Foreign Missions of the church and that the Treasurer of such Mission should report a deficit of over $100,000.

This is not because Bishop Potter is careless in money matters or that Morgan is neither interested in Missions nor liberal with his money.

Mr. Morgan's father before him gave largely to the Church, and he himself in a quiet way gives largely and regularly to the Church, as well as to many outside institutions for the good of his fellow men. The world does not know him for his goodness, yet his goodness seems equal to his greatness. It is reported that he gve $1,000,000 to endow the Harvard Medical School, $500,000 to Loomis Hospital for Consumptives, $33,000 to St. Georges Church, New York, $100,000, to the Y. M. C. A., also liberal subscriptions to the Galveston Relief Fund and to preserving the Palisades of the Hudson River, and has established a hospital at Aix-Les Bains, France, therefore it would seem there is a shortage in the funds of the Missions Board not because Mr. Morgan and other wealthy members of the Board of Missions have not paid their shares, but perhaps because of our Lord's teaching that each and every one should be taught and given a chance to help themselves and do their share toward helping others.

A great many wished to have a collection taken at the closing services of the Convention with a special call for offerines to make up the deficiency in the Missions account, stating that many persons had expressed a desire to place their checks and due-bills on the plate, and a motion to that effect was made, but was ruled out of order by Chairman Lindsay, who said that the meeting would be in charge of the House of Bishops and that he did not think they would even consider a petition from us as it was contrary to all precedents to allow anything to detract from the interest in the reading of the Pastoral Letter and that he hoped all would send their subscriptions to the Treasurer, Mr. Thomas.

This would seem practical even if they had to forego the sentimental enthusiasm and pleasure of having them placed on the altar by the Bishops, and the money would go just as far, if they were enough in earnest to send it. Speaking of the Pastoral Letter, it was fine, and full o good ideas, but to me it seemed too long and the language too glib and smooth, so much of it seemed too weak, or the words did not seem to ring with the triumphant consciousness of being right and authoritative.

I once attended the play of "The Two Vagrants," and one of the climaxes in the play was where one boy who had just picked a ladies pocket declared boldly and firmly, that stealing was wrong and he would never steal again. He might have said the same thing meekly and penitently with equal force, and just in the opposite way it seems to me that the good words of the Pastoral Letter, lack both the power of meekness and of bold force in much of its construction. In fact I was a little disappointed in the House of Bishops. This may have been entirely due to my fault or lack of acquaintance, for I thought Bishops Potter and Dudley, with others whom I heard and saw frequently, were fine men and exemplars of grand Christian thought, but judging from the messages sent out by the House of Bishops to the House of Deputies for acceptance and confirmation, they seemed too willing to compromise and listen to public clamor on what the House of Deputies thought were important points of principle, and the Committee on the revision of the Scriptures was freely criticized because the Bishops, or someone of the Committee, had not asked or employed the assistance of a number of the most eminent scholars of the world outside the church in their efforts to improve the expressions and meaning of the Bible, and so emphatic was the House of Deputies in their disapproval that all changes in the translation made by the Committee solely on their own opinion or scholarship were thrown out and only such translations made by the American and English revisers some twenty years ago as were approved by the Committee were authorized by the House to be printed as marginal reading to the King James version. Just here I might add that the Convention was truly democratic and American, for while the whole House of Deputies stood up to honor the Bishops when they came over to our House in a body to visit us or sit with us, just as we would honor the President of the United States, still the Bishops and Clergy were no robes or signs of distinction, and when a vote was taken each vote was only and always tallied as one, whether of Bishops, Clergy or Layman. One of the finest experiments of the Convention was the spirit of respect and toleration. The rules governing debate not only are most liberal to the minority and also to new members, but, they do not show the least favoritism to the more able, and do not allow applause under any circumstances. This spirit was not only shown to the Bishops and officers but to each and every deputy even in the heights of the animated discussions on the Huntington amendment and the Marriage and Divorce Canon. The question might arise insome minds which section of the country was best or most ably represented.

We would say the East had the largest delegation, that New York represented the most wealth, that the West was most alive, although Pennsylvania, New York and Massachusetts, to say nothing of Rhode Island and Maryland were not asleep. Pittsburg had the best looking delegation, while brains and large heartedness were about evenly distributed.

Each diocese was allowed two pews, one for the Clergy and one for the Laity, and it would have been impossible for a stranger to distinguish a southern, or northern or western delegation by their looks or speech; they were all Americans and all churchmen; some large but very quiet, some small and noisy. It was one grand illustration of the fact that the size and shape of a person's mouth does not determine ths quantity and quality of his talk. Another grand thing about the Convention were the Missionary meetings and the fact that no collection or subscription was taken at any of them. On the road out a great many of the excursion trains stopped over Sunday at Salt Lake City, and in the evening there was a missionary mass meeting which filled the big Salt Lake theatre to overflowing, and although the Lord Bishop of Newcastle, England, and several American Bishops spoke, there was no collection asked or taken, nor was there any collection made at Mechanics Pavilion when the House of Bishops and House of Deputies with about 15,000 other people listened to the ablest men in the Church. They might have raised $100,000 then and there, but they were helping the surpliced choir of 500 voices sing "The Churches one Foundation is Jesus Christ her Lord."

San Francisco with her many high hills, steep streets and mild climate is a fine, large, wealthy and busy place, well governed, but perhaps somewhat dirty during the dry season. They have a very fine park with ball grounds for men and swings and other play-grounds for children. All the coast towns of California from San Francisco south are well supplied with Spanish Catholic Missions, some dating back 200 years, and San Francisco itself has perhaps as many churches of all kinds as our Eastern towns, in proportion to its size, and like most large cities, the Episcopal Church predominates. It was not always so. In 1849, when the gold fever was at its height, and the only law was administered by Judge Lynch, forty men met in San Francisco and signed a paper that they would stand by one another and held religious services and send for a minister. They did so and the result of their labors is the largest congregation and finest Church building in the City, the mother of all the other churches. Some of those orignial forty men are still vestrymen of that Trinity Church and say the ambition of their lives was to have the general Convention of the Episcopal Church meet in their building, the pioneer Protestant church on the Pacific coast.

On another hill opposite, and about half way through the Park is the Prayerbook Cross where in 1577 Sir Francis Drake is supposed to have held the first Prayerbook service in America. If the Episcopal Church can maintain its lead in San Francisco and convert the 20,000 Chinamen as well as her foreigners from all parts of the world, from their erroneous ideas about God and teach them to regard God as an Almighty, merciful and just Father, and all men and nations as their brothers in God's sight, then the Church will not need to remodel her name so that men will better understood her. All the world will acknowledge her to be the teacher and servant of the living God.

Right or wrong, the Convention will be known as much for what it refused to do as what it did. It refused to withhold Baptism, Confirmation, marriage and the Lord's Supper from divorced persons when the Church is satisfied that they are the innocent parties to divorces, granted for adultery. It refused to allow Bishops to exercise spiritual oversight over congregations which did not use the American Prayerbook. It refused to elect a Bishop for Foreign Missions until satisfied that he was an American citizen. It refused to sanction at this time the printing of any new translation of the Bible. It refused to recognize any distinction between what are known as high and low churchmen and it refused to allow the State of Illinois an extra Bishop unless the churches of that State would guarantee all his expenses. On the other hand it adopted several important ammendments to the Constitution and Canons allowing the House of Bishops to select any member of their House to act as presiding Bishop for a definite term of years, his election to be subject to the approval of the House of Deputies.

It raised the acceptable age of Deaconesses from twenty-five to thirty years, accepted as American territory and elected Bishops for Porto Rico, Hawaii, and the Phillipine Islands.

The Committee on translations of the Bible, on changing the name of the Church, on the Formation of Provinces and on Amendments to the Constitution were all continued, to report at the next meeting which will be held in Boston in 1904.

The question on Marriage and Divorce was most happily referred to a joint committee with instructions to meet with duly appointed committees from the other religous bodies and with State Legislatures for the purpose of agreeing on a uniform law for all states and churches. Recognizing the Churches great duty to all classes and conditions of men, the Convention also appointed a special joint Standing Committee from oth Houses to consider the subject of the relations of Capital and Labor and the duty of the Church to all parties in labor troubles. First, last and all the time, nights and Sundays there were Mission and Labor and Sunday school meetings. Our own Bishop Whitehead was chairman at a large meeting at Oakland and every church in the City and near by towns had a number of Bishops and prominent clergymen as well as laymen at their various services, not for the purpose of raising money, but to stir up each other and the people to realize that the church existed solely and only to act as messenger, bearing the news of the comfortable gospel of Christ and teaching that true duty to man cannot exist when duty to God is neglected and that neglect and wrong actions surely drift into wrong thinking. With these and many other things to her credit one of the largest attended and most earnest Conventions in the United States adjourned.

Of course there were receptions and suppers. Graduates of different colleges had an evening to themselves and delegations of the various dioceses arranged to have dinner together at some hotels inviting their Bishop to join them. Then there was the general reception to all Church people and their friends at the Hopkins Institute Building and the free trip around the Bay on a Government tug, and it would be hardly fair not to mention Dr. Saml. Hart, Secretary of House of Bishops and Dr. C. L. Hutchins, Editor of the Church Hymnal and Secretary of House of Deputies, both of whom have long served many Conventions in these capacities.

Resolutions of Respect.

WHEREAS, Daniel J. Downey died on the 23rd, of December, 1901.

WHEREAS, He was always attentive and ready to perform his duties toward the success of our organization of which he was a Charter member, therefore be it

Resolved, That we members of Hamilton Hose Company, No. 3 of the Emporium Fire Department extend our sympathy to the bereaved parents of our deceased member, and be it further

Resolved, That as a token of respect, we attend the funeral in body and drape our Charter and Hose House in morning for a period of thirty days.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to the parents of our deceased member and spread on our minute book and also a copy sent to each of our local papers.

CLARENCE RICHIE,
J. B. MULCAHEY,
WM. ROBINSON,
Committee.

The prevention of consumption is entirely a question of commencing the proper treatment in time. Nothing iso well adapted to ward off fatal lung troubles as Foley's Honey and Tar. Taggart.

Children Poisoned.

Many children are poisoned and made nervous and weak, if not killed outright, by mothers giving them cough syrups containing opiates. Foley's Honey and Tar is a safe and certain remedy for coughs, croup and lung troubles, and is the only prominent cough medicine that contains no opinates or other poisons. L. Taggart.

Children Especially Liable.

Burns, bruises and cuts are extremely painful and if neglected often results in blood poisoning. Children are especially liable to such mishaps because not so careful. As a remedy DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is unequalled. Draws out the fire, stops the pain, soon heals the wound. Beware of counterfeits. Sure cure for piles. "DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured my baby of eczema after two physicians gave her up," writes James Mock, N. Webster, Ind. "The sores were so bad she soiled two to five dresses a day.' R. C. Rodson.

The man rarely marines the woman he jokes about; she often marries the man she laughs at.

Rev. J. M. Yingling, pastor of the Bedford St. M. E. Church, Cumberland, Md., says: "It affords me great pleasnre to recommend Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. I have used it and know others who have never known it to fail." For sale by L. Taggart.

Pneumonia and La Grippe

Coughs cured quickly by Foley's Honey and Tar. Refuse substitutes. L. Taggart.

PEOPLE'S COLUMN.

TWO FREE SCHOLARSHIPS for Cameron county, Pa. The Carnegie Normal and Business College of Royers, Ohio, will give Free Tuition to two students from Cameron County, Pa. One scholarship good at their College at Royers, Ohio, and one Scholarship good for a course by correspondence. Normal, Academic and Business courses including book keeping and Shorthand are taught. Applicants should address the College.

MUSICAL COLLEGE. The College of Music at Froeburg, Snyder county, Pa., offers a cheerful and commodious home to young people desiring instruction in Vocal and Instrumental Music. $33 will pay for six week's instruction and board. Spring term begins May 5th. For Catalogue address HENRY B. MOYER.

Notice of Meeting of Stockholders.

THE annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Emporium & Rich Valley R. R. Co., will be held at the Law Office of B. W. Green, Tuesday, January 21st, 1902, at one o'clock, p. m. for the election of officers and transaction of such other business as may come before them.

J. W. KAYE, Sec'y.
Emporium, Pa., Jan. 8th, 1902. —2t

ELECTION NOTICE.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
Emporium, Pa., Dec. 7th, 1901.

THE annual meeting of the stock-holders for the election of a Board of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be laid before them, will be held at the Bank on Tuesday, January 14th, 1902, between the hours of one and three in the afternoon.

T. B. LLOYD, Cashier.

Administratrix's Notice.

Estate of CHARLES W. BELDIN, deceased.

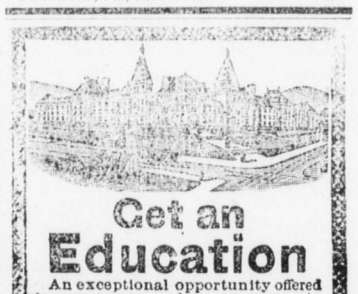
NOTICE is hereby given that Letters Testamentary upon the estate of Charles W. Beldin, deceased, late of Grove Township, Cameron county, Pa., have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims to present the same for settlement.

MARTHA B. BELDIN,
Administratrix.
Sinnamahoning, Pa., Dec. 16th, 1901.—4t.

Executors' Notice.

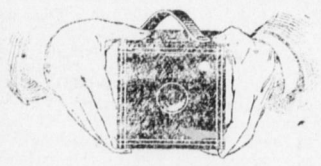
NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned have been appointed Executors of the Estate of Washington Bailey, deceased, late of Wharton, Potter county, Pa. All persons having claims against said Estate, and those indebted, will make immediate settlement.

J. LUCORE NELSON,
RALPH M. WILLIAMS,
Executors.
First Fork, Pa., Jan. 2. 1902. 4t.



Get an
Education
An exceptional opportunity offered to young men and young women to prepare for teaching or for business. Four regular courses; also special work in Music, Shorthand, Typewriting. Strong teaching force, well graded work, good discipline and hard study, insure best results to students of
Central State
Normal School
LOCK HAVEN, Clinton Co., PA.
Handsome buildings perfectly equipped, steam heat, electric lights, abundance of pure mountain water, extensive campus and athletic grounds. Expenses low. Send for catalog.
J. P. FLICKINGER, Principal.
Central State Normal School,
LOCK HAVEN, PA.

EASTMAN'S KODAK



You can carry it in your hands, on your shoulder, in your pocket or on your bicycle. You press the button and the Kodak will the rest.

"A Dollar Saved, is a Dollar Earned."

We can save you lots of dollars by buying your Wall Paper, Curtains and Paints of us.

H. S. LLOYD.

1902. 1902.

A HAPPY NEW YEAR.

DAY'S,

The Satisfactory Store.

If we have succeeded in making this a satisfactory place to deal in years past, we are indeed glad and desire to thank you for the liberal patronage which we have enjoyed, and which has made it possible.

This is a progressive age and we strive to keep up with the times Years come and go, but never find us idle.

With increased experience, we hope to make this a more satisfactory year to all, than any in the store's history.

We want to make it a pleasure to you, to deal here, by having everything satisfactory.

Thus we can, and will, save you expense.

Always look for our Special Sales. They should interest you.

Come in Friday and Saturday and see if it will not pay you.

No Trading Stamps, but right goods and prices.

Yours for business,

Phone 6. J. H. DAY.

HE CARETH FOR THEE.

What can it mean? Is it aught to Him
That the nights are long and the days are dim?
Can He be touched by griefs I bear,
Which sadden the heart and whiten the hair?
Around His throne are eternal calms,
And strong, glad music of happy psalms,
And bliss unruffled by any strife.
How can He care for my poor life?

And yet I want Him to care for me,
While I live in this world where the sorrows be;
When the lights die down on the path I take;
When strength is feeble and friends forsake;
When love and music, that once did bless,
Have left me to silence and loneliness,
And life-long changes to sobbing prayers—
Then my heart cries out for a God who cares.

Oh, wonderful story of deathless love!
Each child is dear to that heart above;
He fights for me when I cannot fight;
He comforts me in the gloom of night;
He lifts the burden, for He is strong;
He stills the sigh and awakens the song;
The sorrow that bowed me down He bears,
And loves and pardons, because He cares.

Let all who are sad take heart again,
We are not alone in hours of pain;
Our Father stoops from His throne above
To soothe and quiet us with His love.
He leaves us not when the storm is high,
And we have safety, for He is nigh.
Can it be trouble which He doth share?
Oh, rest in peace, for the Lord does care.
—London Christian.

The Trouble on the Torolito.

BY FRANCIS LYNDE.

(Copyright 1898, by Francis Lynde.)

CHAPTER V.

ULTIMATUMS TWAIN.

When all is said, sober second thought, so much vaunted and bepraised, is but an ignoble thing. How many a fine project, conceived in impulsive unselfishness and sent rocket-wise on its course starward, has come to earth again a mere smoke-blackened stick in the chill downpour of reflection. How many an emprise which seemed altogether promising and feasible when planned overnight has become a thing preposterous in the cold gray light of the morning.

Some such reflective misgiving assailed me when I came to write the letter to my friend in the Glenlivat company's directorate. Doubtless, the passport into the camp of the enemy would be forthcoming; but once safely within the lines, what could I hope to accomplish? Would Wykamp straightway proceed to unbosom himself to me?—make a confidant of a stranger, an emergency guest foisted upon him by the goodnature of one of his directors? The idea was absurd. And if he should do such an incredible thing, the end would but indifferently justify the means; one could hardly eat his salt and betray him.

The letter was written and Dan Connolly was saddling for the ride to the fort. In a few minutes the undertaking would be afoot and reconsideration impossible. But a shorter respite has saved an army, and my reprieve was already on the way. Connolly shaded his eyes under his hand and interrogated a filmy dust-cloud on the up-valley trail. It was approaching the ranch, and the level rays of the newly arisen sun turned it into a hazy nimbus of gold-dust.

"Wan av thim's the Greaser, an' t'other's the scut av an ingineer," says my Mercury, scowling. "Now fwhat'll thim two be doin' on our riservation betune daybreak an' breakfast, I'd like to know?"

To be consistent I should have gone indoors and kept out of sight. If I were to serve Macpherson's turn as a spy in the engineer's camp, it said itself that I must not be known as Macpherson's friend. But shame pricked into the lists, sword out and visor down, and I stood my ground when the pair galloped up.

Wykamp drew rein at the door-stone, or, to record the fact, he dragged at the leather and his horse danced an accompaniment. The animal was a fine-blooded bay which—with humane gentling and a snaffle-bit—might have been ridden by a woman; but it had been spurred cruelly in the race down the valley. In the bit of equestrian by-play I had an opportunity to observe the two men. The engineer was a disappointment. Prefigurings of a person described, but otherwise unknown, are inevitable; hence, out of the material gathered from Macpherson's confidences I had fashioned a rather melodramatic villain of the fictional school. No fancy sketch could have been farther from the fact. The engineer was a trim-built, athletic young fellow, as handsome in his way as Macpherson, though quite at the opposite extreme of the gamut of types, carefully groomed from his close-trimmed beard and curling mustaches to the well-fitting tweeds and tan leather leggings; a man of business, clear-cut, concise, aggressive, one would say, emotional only in some flood-tide of passion, and vindictive only when thwarted.

His Mexican henchman could be summed up in terser phrase. Dark-skinned as a Zambo, small and lithe as the savage little tiger-cat of his native chaparrals, with sleepy eyes, pin-points of feral intelligence that saw everything wthout appearing to, ambushed under the drooping brim of his broad sombrero; he was a plain-song assassin of the baser sort, of a type familiar enough in the pioneer period, and seen at its best when found dangling from the cross-arm of a telegraph-pole or the branch of a convenient tree.

When the bay was temporarily sunjugated, Wykamp ignored me and turned to Connolly.

"Where is Macpherson?" he demanded.

"Misther Macpherson, av ye plaze," corrected the ex-trooper, mildly.

"Well, Mr. Macpherson, then,"—with a contemptuous fillip to the prefix which was not thrown away upon the Irishman. "Where is he?"

"It's lukin' for the hide an' horns av the foine shteer yez killed an' ate that he is," Connolly retorted, letting fly the first imaginative arrow that came to hand.

Much to my surprise, and much more to that of the ex-trooper, I fancy, the engineer frowned and marked down the random shot.

"It was a mistake," he said; "I'll pay for the steer. But that is another matter. My errand this morning is with your employer, but you can pass it along. You have a man here named Kilgore who should go to jail. Say to Macpherson—Mr. Macpherson—from me that if he discharges Kilgore and sends him out of the valley it will save trouble."

Connolly grinned. "It's a foine, clane-hearted gintleman, yez are, Misther Wykamp, for givin' the blagyard a chance to layvant," he rejoined, with honey on his tongue. "Would yez be afther tellin' us fwhat that profayne divil av a cowdhriver's been up to?—so we c'u'd tell the captain in avic?"

"He's been pulling my location stakes. Don't misunderstand me; I'd give him a taste of the law if there were a court within reach."

"Listen to that, now, would yez!" quoth Connolly. "Pullin' the shtakes av him! An' some av yez caught him red-handed, av coorse?"

"No; he had the nerve to bring a bundle of the stakes into camp and leave them in my tent, with his compliments."

"The impidint offal!" said Dan, laughing decorously behind his hand. "But, Misther Wykamp, dear; he's not the on'y wan.'

"What's that you say?"

"I'm sayin' he's not the on'y wan. Sure, it's meself as cooked me bit av a breakfast wid a fagot av thim same shtakes wan day lasht week. It's a kind-hearted man yez are, Misther Wykamp, to be disthributin' fuel for the likes av us harrd-workin' min."

What followed confirmed my diagnosis of the engineer's character touching his weakness on the passionate side. He rode with the wrist-thonged riding-whip of the east, and the stiff bit of rawhide cut a quick half-circle above Connolly's head. The Irishman caught the blow on his arm and parried it with the skill of a practiced swordsman. Before I realized what was toward, the ex-trooper's pistol was out and leveled, not at Wykamp, but at the Mexican.

"Ye would, would yez?—ye black-jowled haythin! Down wid that gun!"

A heavy revolver dropped in the dust on the opposite side of the Mexican's horse.

"Now, thin,—Mr. Halcott, dear; your watch, av ye plaze;—now, thin, ye murtherin' Paythans, it's wan



I STOOD MY GROUND WHEN THE PAIR GALLOPED UP.

full minute's shtart av the 45 I'll give the pair av yez. Vamoose!"

Notwithstanding his apparent unbalancing on the passionate side, Wykamp was no coward. Unarmed as he was, I think he would have tried to ride the Irishman down; but the Mexican set the discreet example and the bay took it as a challenge for a race. As long as they were distinguishable, I could see Wykamp struggling with the big horse; and, being a man of peace, I was glad when Connolly laughed and dropped his weapon into its holster.

"Score wan for the 'X-bar-Z,'" he said. "If the capt'in would but shut wan eye an' luk away wid't t'other, in t'ree days there wouldn't be a shtake in the Torolito or a man to dhrive ut." He picked up the Mexican's revolver and passed it to me, butt foremost. "The arrmamint av the inimy, wid the complimints av Sargint Connolly. Hold ut at arrm's-lingth whin yez toy wid ut; thim forrun tools shpit betune the cylindher an' the barr'l whin they go off. Now, thin, sorr; if you've the letther I'm at your service."

I explained, as well as I could without going into details, that the engineer's visit had canceled the trip to the fort; and Connolly rode afield to report to his employer. Macpherson came in at noon, and we held a council of war over the cold snack served in the bunk-room by Andrew the Mild.

"Honors are easy, so far," said Macpherson, when we had discussed the stake-pulling incident. "While Wykamp was here filing his allegation against Kilgore, I was at his camp, notifying his foreman that an injunction would follow any encroachment on my placer claim."

"It's a declaration of war on both sdes. You're in for it now."

"Yes, and I'll fight it out to the bitter end. I didn't mean to, at first. I had some talk with Lovatt and the others, and they proposed to buy me out at a fair figure and do the square thing all around. That was before they got hold of Selter's water-right, of course. Now they send a fellow in here who is evidently spoiling for a fight; who shoots at my men and kills my stock. They propose to ignore me—to freeze me out of the game without giving me a show for my investment. They may do it in the end, but I'll give them a run for their money."

I laughed. "Let's be frank with each other, Angus. It goes a good bit deeper with you than any struggle to hold the Torolito. You will have to admit that if Wykamp hadn't—"

"But he has," broke in Macpherson, with rising wrath. "He might have had the Torolito and welcome if he had left me that which is worth more to me than all the stock ranges that lie out of doors. But he wouldn't, and now he's got to take the consequences. She won't let me obliterate him, but I'll break him world without end before I'm through with him."

There was a vindictive emphasis in the threat which started the millstones of reflection. Could circumstances, and a sharp turn of the purely personal thumb-screws, transform a frank fighter into a vengeful enemy? Macpherson had always been a hearty combatant, but his antagonism was of the kind which seeks an early hand-shaking after the fact.

"Break him in a business way, you mean? How can you do that?"

His smile was inscrutable. "There's more in my placer claim than appears on the surface. Do you know where it is?"

"It's anywhere you see fit to locate it—on the line of the ditch, I suppose."

"That's where you're wrong. I didn't invent it. It is an actual gold-bearing bar, and it lies at the mouth of the upper canyon just above the site of the Glenlivat company's proposed dam."

"So Wykamp will have to go above or below it; is that it?"

"Yes; without the choice. He'll have to go above. The lay of the land is such that he can't build below the gap in the 'hog-back,' and if he builds on the site selected by the man who made the preliminary survey last summer, my claim will be at the bottom of his reservoir."

"I see. But he can go above, can't he?"

"It's possible, but it will be expensive. He will have to tunnel a small mountain to get his outlet from the head-gates. And that isn't the worst of it."

"What is the worst of it?"

Macpherson pushed his stool from the table and began to fill his pipe. He was provokingly deliberate, and when the tobacco was fairly alight his explanation was of the vaguest.

"If he hasn't already done so, he'll go farther up the canyon and find his site ready-made and waiting for him. I only hope he'll take it."

CHAPTER VI.

FACILIS DECENSUS AVERNI.

Macpherson left me to my own devices after the snack-luncheon and went his way hillward to look for strays in the northern gulches.

"If you feel like riding a few lines after awhile, have Andy saddle 'Clubfoot' for you. He's forgotten how to 'buck,' and if you can keep him from breaking his leg in a dog-hole he'll bring you back all right," he said, at parting; adding, as a stirrup-word: "But I shouldn't ride too far, if I were you. You're gaining by kangaroo-jumps now, and you mustn't get a set-back."

So much for a well man's advice to an ill one who, having ridden more than was meet the previous day, was minded to stay at home and let the saddle-bruises heal. But in mid-afternoon one of the microscopic incidents which change the courses of rivers, decide the fate of nations, and reverse the plans of mice and men, came between, and the horse with the epithetical name had his amble afield.

The incident was the inability of Andrew the Desperate to maintain his fair share of any conversation. By two o'clock he was answering in monosyllables; by three a direct question elicited no more than a nod or a head-shake; at half-past he was quite dumb—a mute and inglorious camp-cook, fit company for neither gods nor men. At four loquacity surrendered at discretion, the animal with the opprobrious name was put in requisition, and I rode away to be with a silence of Nature's making.

Behold, now, how great a matter a little fire kindleth! If the well-intentioned desperado had possessed a few more phrases to be rehearsed at need, there would have been for his would-be gossip no meditative amble up the valley in the cool of the day; no attack of unreasoning and altogether uncalled-for curiosity; no meteoric descent into the Torolitan Avernus; and no—but let us not anticipate.

Barring the saddle-bruise reminders, and the prickings of the thorn in the flesh of illness—which use and time will finally dull for the least heroic sufferer—the ride up the valley was a pure delight. The afternoon was perfect. The atmosphere was like a draught of fine old wine; the tumbling thunder of the river was sweet music to any traffic-bruised ear of the cities; and the color-scheme of the mighty mountains on either hand was full of soft grays and soothing browns. The completeness of it was soul-satisfying, and it was easy to understand how, upon such a day and with such encompassments, a well man might rejoice in the mere fact of life. Also, it was less difficult to comprehend the reluctance of one Angus the First to abdicate and go into exile at the decree of any syndicate of them all. It was a hopeless lapse into medievalism, one would say, but at the moment I could cheerfully have seen the plans of the land company, with all the prospective benefits to the many which they contemplated, come to naught to the end that this sequestered corner of great nature's domain should not be marred by disfiguring plowshares.

This thought and its entail rang the reflective changes what time the bronco was topping the swell from which the settlement at Valley Head came into view. Curiously enough, the clustered farmsteads and tilled fields of the small colony were far from suggesting that they were the precursors of the thal wave of agriculture and banality which would presently sweep down the pleasant valley in the wake of the great irrigation canal. The line between wild-flowers and weeds is not sharply drawn. The bull-thistle is a thing of beauty as a single plant, and it is only when it becomes a ruthless invader that we wage war upon it and strive to stamp it out. Macpherson's cattle on the rolling swells, and this small seasoning of humanity at the meeting-point of the mountains, were the artistic accent in great nature's picture. But they sufficed.

At the summit of the swell commanding a view of the mountain-guarded strath of the settlers, I was minded to turn back; but the club-footed one sniffed the cool breeze pouring down from the upper canyon and asked, horsewise, with gentle tuggings and champings, for a free rein. It was given, and we drifted on, past the deserted schoolhouse, across the freshly turned furrows of the land company's canal, and, in due course of leisurely equine stumblings, beyond the last farmhouse and so on up to the dam at the canyon gateway.

[To Be Continued.]

THE CURATE'S SAVING GRACE.

He Was a Great Cricketer Even If His Doctrine Was a Little Shaky.

There was much excitement in the village of Slushton, because the most important cricket fixture which the village club had arranged was down for a decision on the following Saturday, and the bowler who had won every match for them that season had sprained his wrist, and consequently would not be able to play, says London Spare Moments.

All their fond hopes of victory had gone, when, as a last resort, they asked the new curate of the village to play for them. He consented, and owing to his score of 54 and his capture of eight wickets for 34 runs, they scored a brilliant victory.

The next morning as the squire, himself an enthusiastic cricketer, was leaving the church, where the curate had just preached his first sermon, he was asked by the vicar what he thought of the new curate.

"Oh," responded the squire, "his voice is weak, his doctrine's shaky, he isn't as learned as he should be, but his cricket is a fair eye-opener. We must keep him, even if we have to pay him double the salary."

A Waste of Postage.

The lawyers were discussing the merits and demerits of a well-known member of the New Orleans bar, who had been gathered to his fathers, and one of the party recalled the time when he studied in the old man's office:

We had a copying clerk whose inefficiency continually worked the judge up to a point of explosion. One day a wire basket fell off the top of his desk and scratched his cheek. Not having any court plaster, he slapped on three postage stamps and went on with his work.

A little later he had some papers to take up to the United States court, and, forgetting all about the stamps, he put on his hat and went out.

As he entered the office the judge raised his head and fixed him with an astonished stare. The clerk stopped and looked frightened and finally asked:

"Anything—er—wrong, sir?"

"Yes, sir!" thundered the old gentleman. "You are carrying too much postage for second-class matter."—N. O. Times-Democrat.

Forerunner of His Flock.

A country minister in a certain American town took permanent leave of his congregation in the following pathetic manner: "Brothers and sisters, I came to say good-by. I don't think you love each other, because you have not paid my salary. Brothers, I am going away to a better place. I have been called to be chaplain of a penitentiary. I go to prepare a place for you."—Household Words.

He Protested.

"The doctor would like to see you inside," said the physician's maid to the man who was waiting on the porch.

"Not much," said the bucolic patient; "he don't try none of them X-rays on me!"—Yonkers Statesman.

In the Ballroom.

She—Do you dance, Mr. Skiggleton?

He (modestly)—Well, my teacher said I did when I left the academy, but those ladies I have danced with since express a different opinion.—Detroit Free Press.

A Rare Exception.

She—The men continually dance attendance on Miss Bullion. What is the attraction?

He—She refused a duke.—Town and Country.

THE LION TAMER.



IMPORTANT COAL DEAL.

The Pittsburg Coal Co. Secures the Properties of the Shaw Coal Co.

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 4.—One of the most important acquisitions of the Pittsburg Coal Co. during the year was secured Friday, when final papers were signed for the transfer of all the properties and interests of the Shaw Coal Co. to the big combine. The deal involves several millions, but the actual price paid is not made public. The negotiations, which were on for several months, were conducted by F. L. Robbins for the combine and H. C. Frick, who owned the controlling interest in the Shaw company.

The property lies in the Pan-Handle district, contains 4,300 acres of the finest thin vein of Pittsburg steam coal and has five large shafts with a capacity of 1,000,000 tons a year. In addition to the mining property, the Pittsburg company also secured the Midway and Oakdale railroad, a short line, which connects the mine with the Pan-Handle road, and will give the combine an independent outlet for the general market.

Whipping Didn't Come Off.

Paoli, Ind., Jan. 4.—It was announced Friday that Dr. C. D. Driscoll, a dentist, would be publicly horsewhipped by Miss Eva Milller, a young woman who formerly resided here. Driscoll was arrested on a charge of alleged ill-treatment of his family and was taken to his office. About this time the fire alarm was sounded and a large portion of the population gathered to see the whipping. As they attempted to enter Driscoll's office, the young woman and her friends were confronted by Driscoll, flourishing two revolvers. He says he will not be taken alive and he remains behind barricaded doors. Miss Miller alleges that he wrote her an insulting letter.

Will Pension Employes.

Chicago, Jan. 4.—Notices were posted Friday in the various mills of the American Steel and Wire Co., announcing that a pension department had been created for the benefit of the 30,000 employes of the concern. According to the general notice, which is signed by President William P. Palmer, the new department will have for its purpose "the retiring from active service and placing on a pension roll all employes who have rendered the company or its predecessors long and faithful services and who have attained an age or physical tend which necessitates relief from duty."

Blew Himself to Pieces.

Norris, Ill., Jan. 3.—There was a frightful suicide Friday at Coal City, 10 miles southeast of this city. Joseth H. Bovine, a leader among the Bohemians in the coal fields, had trouble with his wife in the morning. He brooded over the matter till afternoon when he went to the village and secured a stick of dynamite. On his return home he went back of his barn and lying on his back placed the dynamite beneath his vest. With his hands he struck the cap and exploded the dynamite. The explosion tore a great hole in the earth and blew the man's body into countless pieces.

Twenty Years for Manslaughter.

Winfield, Kan., Jan. 4.—Clyde Moore, the 17-year-old boy, convicted of murder in the second degree for killing C. L. Wiltberger, a farmer, near here, last April, for his money, was sentenced Friday to 20 years in the penitentiary. He received the verdict with a smile. The prisoner's attorney pleaded for a reform school sentence, but Judge McBride said the boy was sufficiently mature to know what he was doing when he committed the crime.

Negro Murderer Hanged.

Dublin, Ga., Jan. 4.—John Robinson, a negro, was hanged here Friday for assaulting and murdering Bertha Simmons, colored, last May. Robinson denied his guilt and cursed everybody within hearing from his cell door to the gallows.

Denies Knowledge of Sale.

Toledo, Jan. 4.—President Norton, of the Clover Leaf, last night disclaimed knowledge of the sale of the road to the Vanderbilts, as given out by the press dispatches from New York.

WANTS A CHECK

Placed on the Advance of the United States

INTO SOUTH AMERICA.

The London Saturday Review Advises Alliance Between.

ENGLAND AND GERMANY.

Says It Would Be a Wsse Policy to Encourage the Advance of Germany in the New World as a Counterpoise to Predominence of United States.

London, January 4.—The Saturday Review to-day prints a remarkably free spoken editorial, in which it strongly advises Great Britain to form a working alliance with Germany, in order to check the "continued and apparently inevitable advance of the United States into South America."

According to the Review, "it is the wisest policy for this country to encourage the advance of Germany in the New World, as the most useful counterpoise as to the overwhelming predominance of the United States, which is the only other possible outcome of the existing political conditions."

The Review disclaims all hostility to the United States, but says: "The solid interests of our own people, which is the basis on which the United States always works, is the only sure ground on which to build."

Continuing, the Review says: "If we would only remember that the Americans are to be believed when they describe themselves as actuated by purely business considerations, we would save ourselves from a large number of gratuitous humiliations and unprofitable speculations in stock having no real market value, viz., the presumed gratitude of our political and commercial rivals. With a strong European power established in the south and a great world power in the north, too exuberant aspirations of Pan-Americanism would be be checked, saving our empire from a grave menace."

In conclusion, the Review points out that the United States will inevitably gobble up the weak, turbulent states southward, when it is certain to formulate, a Pan-American tariff union against the remainder of the world, and then, controlling Cuba, Porto Rico and the Isthmian canal, convert the Caribbean Sea into an American lake."

Trying to Buy Out Brush.

Cincinnati, Jan. 4.—John T. Brush, president of the Cincinnati League Base Ball club, and Judge Howard Ferris, who is at the head of a local syndicate that is anxious to purchase Mr. Brush's holdings in the club, held a long conference here yesterday, but so far as actual results are concerned the conference was apparently fruitless. It is generally believed that Mr. Brush will decline to sell at any figure that the Cincinnati capitalists will consider reasonable.

Granted Their Demands.

Grand Haven, Mich., Jan. 4.—The strike of the longshoremen employed by the Crosby Transportation Co., was settled Friday, the company granting the demands of the men for the restoration of the old wage scale of 20 cents an nour. The men have organized a branch of the National Longshoremen's association.

Peavey's Will.

Minneapolis, Jan. 4.—The will of Frank H. Peavy, who died in Chicago last Monday, was filed in this city Friday. It places the value of the estate at $2,300,000 personal property and $50,000 real estate, but the total probably will be in excess of this.

Retired Naval Officer Dies.

Philadelphia, Jan. 4.—After a service of 21 years in the United States navy and a long period of honorable retirement, Lieutenant Horace E. Frick died Friday at nis home in this city. He was 50 years old.

IS EMBARRASSED.

Everett-Moore Syndicate Strikes a Snag.

Its Properties are Taken in Charge by a Committee of Cleveland Bankers and Creditors Agree to Give an Extension of Time in Which to Pay Debts.

Cleveland, Jan. 3.—The following statement, authorized by all parties interested, was issued Thursday:

It became apparent some time ago to some of the members of the Everett-Moore syndicate, so called, that on account of the tight money situation in the different centers where they were financing some of their enterprises, and although in their opinion they owned several million dollars' worth of property over and above their liabilities, they would be unable without temporary assistance to meet their obligations which were about to become due and the obligations of some of the corporations which were controlled by them. Many of these obligations arose from the fact that the syndicate were engaged in the construction of a number of enterprises which were not yet fully completed, requiring large amounts of money to pay for labor and materials in the construction.

The syndicate were also recently disappointed in being unable to complete the negotiations for the raising of a large sum of money upon certain bonds and stocks belonging to them which would have furnished their properties over to a committee gotiations they had reason to believe, until ten days ago, would result favorably.

Some of the members of the syndicate, when it became apparent to them that many of their liabilities which were coming due about the first of January could not be met, called together some of their personal advisers to advise with them as to what was best to be done.

These gentlemen examined very fully into all of the affairs of those composing the syndicate and were furnished with complete information.

They found that there were in Cleveland upwards of 30 banks that were their creditors, and that these banks held the choicest of the securities and the most equities.

Messrs. Everett and Moore stated that they were willing to turn all their properties over to a committee that should be appointed to handle them in connection with themselves to preserve the most equities, with the belief that when their properties were developed and creditors paid there would be a substantial amount to return to them.

To this end and with a view of obtaining the attention of the gentlemen most experienced in such affairs, and in whom the Cleveland parties had entire confidence, and in the belief that all creditors living away from Cleveland would have the same confidence, the following gentlemen were chosen as a committee: H. R. Newcomb, Myron T. Herrick, J. J. Sullivan, Calvary Morris, Kaufman Hays and E. [illegible] Tillotson.

At the meeting held at which Everett and Moore were present more than five-sixths of all the Cleveland indebtedness was represented. The parties attending the meeting expressed themselves unanimously in recommending to their institutions that they should extend the indebtedness of the Everett-Moore syndicate and its allied interests for a period not exceeding 18 months, conditioned upon the committee named having entire charge of all the affairs connected with the syndicate.

Toledo, Jan. 3.—The Everett-Moore syndicate through the Maumee Valley electric road, is the plaintiff in three suits in the local courts in which it seeks injunction to restrain execution on three cognovit judgments in favor of King & Tracey for $4,674.76, of the Toledo Loan Co., for $13,036.83, and of the Holcomb national bank for $18,526.87. The suits are the starters of big litigation. The allegations are sensational, alleging fraud, conspiracy and double dealing. It is claimed that King took out the judgments while his partner, Tracey, in his capacity as director was attending the meeting of the directors and that the company had no notice of the suit, though an alleged answer was filed on their behalf. King & Tracey acted as attorneys for the company and it is claimed in the petitions were looking out for their own interests rather than those of the plaintiff.

The Parson-Sheriff's Work.

Portland, Me., Jan. 3.—Rev. Pearson, "the parson sheriff" of Cumberland county, who has made great efforts to enforce the state prohibitory law to the letter, has made public his annual report on that particular work. He served 4,916 seizure warrants and was successful with 927, took a total of 9,553 gallons of liquor, and secured 296 convictions out of 637 arrests, with fines totaling $3,896. Of 74 cases appealed, 39 convictions were secured and the fines thus collected netted $25,429.

Chinese are Deported.

Ogdensburg, N. Y., Jan. 3.—Commissioner Gray yesterday ordered the deportation of 21 Chinamen for having unlawfully entered the country. Appeals are being filed in each case. Forty-five Chinamen are now in the county jail awaiting the action of the higher court.

Mutineers are Arraigned.

Leavenworth, Kan., Jan. 3.—A court convened yesterday in the library of the United States penitentiary, for the arraignment of the ringleaders of the mutiny of November 7, who are implicated in the killing of Guard Waldrupe. Every person in the court, with one exception, was either a United States officer or a prisoner. The mutineers, 17 in number, were brought in, each wearing a ball and chain, and five men were arraigned on the charge of murder in the first degree. Four others, who have not yet been captured, are included in the charge.

HORRORS OF THE CONGO.

Cannibals Are Employed to Kill the Natives.

London, Jan. 3.—Capt. Guy Burrows, who has just retired from the employment of the Congo Free State government after six years' service, declared in an interview yesterday that the conditions prevailing in the Congo Free State are a disgrace to civilization, and far worse than ever before. He pictured atrocities of the most horrible character perpetrated on the natives by officials and whites who had concessions of rubber land.

As a typical instance of the means employed by the Free State government, Capt. Burrows corroborated the statement of an American missionary to the effect that the officials employed 500 cannibals, to whom they issued rifles to "massacre and capture unarmed natives who had rebelled against their brutal methods."

"I have sworn testimony," said Capt. Burrows, "of the Belgians handing over natives to cannibal tribes for the express purpose of being eaten. Forced labor prevails everywhere and 'shotgun rule' is the truest description of the present administration. The companies deriving wealth from the collection of rubber are all more or less state enterprises, as a third or half the shares in them are invariably held by the government. Latterly King Leopold and the government have made some show of action against the agents of some of the upper Congo companies, but only minor officials are ever touched and the so-called reforms are merely intended to throw dust in the eyes of the public, whose indignation has been aroused by the stories of this reign of terror. While the present systems for the collection of rubber and the recruitment of natives continue, the Congo Free State will remain a disgrace to the white man's work in Africa."

WATER KILLS GERMS.

Interesting Statement Made by a Wisconsin Scientist to the Convention in Chicago.

Chicago, Jan. 3.—According to bacteriologists of the American Society of Naturalists, some kinds of germs have such an antipathy for water that they actually commit suicide to escape the fluid. At Thursday's meeting of the society, it was proclaimed as an established fact that water is in itself an agent deadly to many kinds of germs and that milk also has destructive attributes within itself.

The information was brought out by Prof. H. L. Russell, of the University of Wisconsin, who read a paper on "the toxicity of water toward certain pathogenic bacteria." Prof. Russell described the results of experiments which proved, to his satisfaction, that toward some forms of germ life water acts as a poison.

He said also that the consequence of the suicide of the bacteria in water is the purification of the water. The waste substances thrown off by the life processes of the germs form, when in solution, poisons which destroy the germs that produced them.

President Sedgwick disagreed with Prof. Russell, but the latter was upheld by Dr. Jordan, of the University of Chicago.

An interesting point in regard to heredity was brought up before E. B. Meek and P. W. Lutz, in a paper on "the inheritance of color in pointers" proved that the markings of dogs could be traced to their ancestors with mathematical exactness—one-half inherited from the parents, one-fourth from the grandparents, one-eighth from the great grandparents, etc.

A BOILER EXPLODED.

Five Men Killed and 11 Injured in an Accident at a Roundhouse.

Macon, Ga., Jan. 3.—The boiler of a locomotive of the Central of Georgia railway exploded at the shops in this city Thursday, killing five men outright and injuring 11 others, three of whom will probably die. The dead:

John M. McDonald, white, machinist.
Tosh Hodges, white, engineer.
Uriah Cornelius, colored, helper.
James O'Neil, white.
One unidentified.

One body is so badly mutilated that it is impossible to tell whether it is of a white man or negro. The heads of two of the victims were blown completely off and were found 100 feet from the bodies. The explosion wrecked the roundhouse in which the engine was standing. A negro was painting the top of the roundhouse. He was blown 100 yards, his body being reduced to an unrecognizable mass of flesh. The concussion broke every window in a building five blocks from where the explosion occurred.

Collieries are Flooded.

Girardville, Pa., Jan. 3.—Packer colliery No. 5, which was flooded with water during the severe rain storm three weeks ago, resumed operations yesterday, giving employment to 800 men and boys. Preston colliery of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Co., remains idle and the officials of the company fear that it will take several months to clear it of water. At Lawrence, the colliery of the Shaffer estate is also idle. The inside workings are completely ruined, and it is feared that the colliery may nave to be abandoned. These two collieries employed upwards of 2,000 persons.

Has Not Profited by the Lesson.

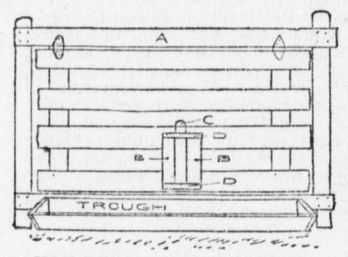
Pekin, Jan. 3.—Several recent occurrences discourage the hope that the dowager empress had learned a lesson of reform from the events of the past year. Foreigners take a pessimistic view of the outlook. Gen. Yung Lu's determination to organize two anti-foreign army corps, to offset the commands of the pro-foreign Chinese leaders, is particularly disquieting. Other incidents which are considered significant are the suppression of the only independent newspaper in this city, by order of the governor of Pekin, and the closing of the industrial school here.

THE FARMING WORLD

FEEDING CONTROLLER.

Excellent Device for Keeping Hogs Out of the Trough While Pouring In the Slop.

A good device for keeping hogs out of the trough while pouring the slop in the trough is made in the following manner: Have the trough setting parallel to the fence and close to it. If you have an old door as long as trough it will do very well. Drive a post in at each end of the trough and



HOG FEEDING CONTROLLER.

fasten a scantling to the top of these (a). Fasten a pair of hinges to the side of the door and hinge it to scantling, then take two small pieces about 2x1 inches and one foot long, (b) and nail them on the door about two inches apart as shown in cut. Take another piece (c) about the same as other two and put a pin in to push it backward and forward with. Put this in between pieces (b) and put two pieces, (d) across to hold it on. When you want to put slop in the trough pull up the bolt and swing the door out so that it covers the trough and push the bolt down outside of the trough and put in the slop and swing the door back and bolt it again. It is best to put a board at each end of trough to keep the hogs from getting into the trough at the ends.—Agricultural Epitomist.

MUST HAVE GOOD ROADS.

Their Establishment Is Essential to the Maintenance of Rural Free Delivery Routes.

Good roads are one of the features necessary to the establishment of rural free delivery routes. It is evident that the post office department meant business when it declared at the start that no free delivery routes would be maintained over poor roads. Not only must the roads be good in the beginning, but they must be kept in proper order, or the route will be abolished. An eastern postmaster recently received the following letter, which shows plainly the attitude of the post office department:

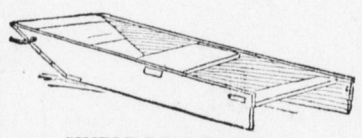
"Reports recently received show that the roads traveled by rural carrier from your office are in bad condition and likely to be impassable in bad weather. You will please notify the patrons of routes one and two that the present lack of attention to these roads will, if continued, be likely to endanger the permanency of the rural free delivery service there.

"A rural carrier cannot possibly make regular time or perform efficient service over poor roads, particularly during the winter and spring months. The summer is the time for mending these highways, which are really serving as post roads, and which should always be in passable condition for the transport of mail. It is the hope of the department that the patrons who are receiving the benefit of the service appreciate it, and that an effort to repair all deficient portions before winter sets in, so that the permanency of rural free delivery service may be insured."—Orange Judd Farmer.

BREAKING WINTER ROADS.

Homemade Implement Suitable for Use on Country Roads, Village Streets and Sidewalks.

Much energy is wasted in breaking winter roads. Pushing the snow out at the sides of the road makes a deep cut which soon fills with drifting snow and does not give a hard track for travel. The cut shows an excellent homemade road breaker. It can be made wide for farm roads or high-



SIMPLE ROAD BREAKER.

ways, or narrow for breaking paths or sidewalks. Two plank runners are planked across under the front end, as shown in the sketch. Cross braces and a board on which to place a box seat complete the contrivance, with the exception of two staples in front for the attachment of chains. This machine rides over the snow and packs it down, giving a firm roadbed without piling up snow at the sides. Any desired amount of weight can easily be placed upon it. The runners keep this road from slewing from side to side, as is the case with many snow plows. — E. G. Hale, in Farm and Home.

The decorative asparagus in winter should not be kept too warm. Sixty degrees F. is enough, and it should be regularly supplied with water, the plant having good drainage. Every day syringe the foliage.

Palms and ferns of large size are now in high favor with professional growers and people generally.

WOMEN OF THE UNITED STATES

Regard Peruna as Their Shield Against Catarrh, Coughs, Colds and Catarrhal Diseases.

Catarrh is an old cold. Even the strongest and most robust are liable to colds during the winter months. A cold, if neglected, is almost certain to cause catarrh of the head, which rapidly spreads through the system, setting up catarrh of the throat, lungs, stomach or pelvic organs. What a host of winter ailments would be prevented by a preventive as well as a cure for colds.

Peruna is such a remedy. If taken at the first symptom of catching cold it heals the catarrhal condition before it becomes established and makes impossible a spread of the disease. Should the cold be neglected and result in catarrh, Peruna will cure, but it will take much longer and will result in much unnecessary suffering.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.



Miss Lizzie Brady, No. 47 Hoyt st., Brooklyn, N. Y., writes:—"I desire to speak in the highest terms of PERUNA, the medicine which I believe is entitled to more praise than any other and to the confidence and good will of every woman in America. Last winter I caught a severe cold, which settled all over me, and as I at first paid but little attention to it I soon found that it had a strong grip on me which no medicine could cast off. I became weak and irritable. I felt nervous and mentally and physically exhausted. I relished nothing I ate, and medicine only nauseated me. In my trouble I read in the paper of PERUNA. I sent for a bottle, and it proved a godsend to me. I improved slowly but surely, and in less than two months perfect health was restored to me."

Miss Lou Cetchum, No. 1,155 Bass av., Memphis, Tenn., writes:—"PERUNA brought me relief and health, and I firmly believe in its efficacy. I had la grippe last winter and suffered for several weeks without obtaining relief until I took PERUNA. Three bottles not only cured me completely, but it left my system in a fine condition, and I feel better than I have for years. Yo ve a host of friends in Memphis. —M Lou Cetchum."

Miss Beatrice Brown, No. 596 Walnut st., Memphis, Tenn., writes:—"This fall I became very much run down, being overtaxed with social and domestic duties. I caught a hard cold, and, my system being in a weakened condition, I found it impossible to shake off the cold. I was advised by a neighbor to try PERUNA and bought a bottle, and am only sorry now that I did not know of it before, as it would have saved me so much suffering. I shall not be without it again, as it effected a speedy cure."

LINEN FROM PORTO RICO.

Mrs. Roosevelt Orders Large Supply from Islands for Use in the White House.

Mrs. Roosevelt has just ordered a large supply of linen from Porto Rico for use in the white house. All of it will be embroidered with the coat-of-arms of the United States. The supply includes sideboard covers, tea cloths, napkins, doilies, table cloths, and other articles much needed in the white house. While in New York Mrs. Roosevelt became much interested in the work of the Porto Rican women, and wishing to assist the enterprise of the island, as well as secure rare linen for the white house, she gave the order.

Aside from the articles for household use, she ordered for herself a pink pinna silk evening gown exquisitely embroidered, and also a dress of the same material for her little daughter Ethel.

Not a few of the Christmas gifts made by Mrs. Roosevelt will also come from this same source, especially those to her most intimate friends.

Impossible Inconsistency.

Miss High-Waye—Poor Fido cried so when I drove away in the victoria without him.

Mr. Quiz—Why didn't you take him with you?

"Because I didn't go in the dog cart, of course."—Smart Set.

Every man takes off his hat to a banker.—Atchison Globe.

To carry care to bed is to sleep with a pack on your back.—Haliburton.

The czar of Russia, with 9,000,000 acres, is the biggest land owner in the world.

"He is a self-made man," is sometimes heard as an excuse.—Indianapolis News.

When you meet a man with a scheme, proceed to get in a hurry.—Chicago Daily News.

When To-morrow promises much we forget how To-day disappointed us.—Indianapolis News.

"And you have no ambition to rise in the world?" "Sure, ma'am. I'm a porch climber."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Minding one's own business requires more skill than those who so freely recommend it seem to realize.—Puck.

We expect other people to believe what we say a great deal oftener than we believe it ourselves.—Indianapolis News.

More opportunities are wasted through the wrong people getting them than through the right people neglecting them.—Puck.

"Got plenty of coal at your house?" "Sure; more than we can use." "I wish you'd let me have some. I can't get any delivered." "Oh, you mean coal. I thought you said cold."—Indianapolis News.

Twice as Black.—Sam Cole—"Miss Yallerby done treat me scand'lous. She done tole me yistiddy dat I was black as de ace o' spades." Jim Crow—"Dat's only half as bad as what she sez 'bout me. She tole me I was black as de deuce."—Catholic Standard and Times.

He—"I am very unfortunate, it seems I can please nobody." She—"Cheer up; I have no one to admire me, either." He—"Tell you what. Let's found a society for mutual admiration. I, for instance, admire your beautiful eyes; and what do you admire in me?" She—"Your good taste."—Town and Country.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Salzer's Rape gives Rich, green food at 25c a ton

SPELTZ—What is it? Catalog tells.

BUY NORTHERN GROWN SEEDS

FARM SEEDS

SALZER'S SEEDS NEVER FAIL!

1,000,000 Customers

Proudest record of any seedsman on earth, and yet we are reaching out for more. We desire, by July 1st, 200,000 more and hence this unprecedented offer.

$10 WORTH FOR 10c

We will mail upon receipt of 10c in stamps our great catalogue, worth $100.00 to any wide awake farmer or gardener, together with many Farm Seed samples positively worth $10.00 to get a start with, upon receipt of but 10c in stamps. 35 pkgs. Earliest Vegetable seeds, $1.00

Please send this adv. with 10c. for above.

Catalog alone, 5c

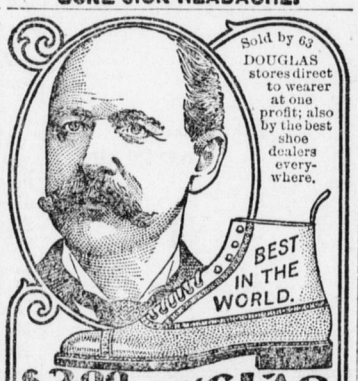
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JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. LACROSSE, WIS.

JUST THINK OF IT!

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Every farmer his own landlord, no encumbrances, his bank account increasing year by year, land value increasing, stock increasing, splendid climate, excellent schools and churches, low taxation, high prices for cattle and grain, low railway rates, and every possible comfort. This is the condition of the farmer in Western Canada—Province of Manitoba and districts of Assiniboia, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Thousands of Americans are now settled there. Reduced rates on all railways for Homeseekers and settlers. New districts are being opened up this year. The new forty-page ATLAS of WESTERN CANADA and all other information sent free to all applicants. F. PEDLEY, Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to JOSEPH YOUNG, 315 State St., East, Columbus, Ohio; N. M. WILLIAMS, Toledo, O.; Canadian Government Agents.



$3.00 W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES $3.50 UNION MADE

Notice increase of sales in table below:

1898 = 748,706 Pairs.
1899 = 898,182 Pairs.
1900 = 1,259,754 Pairs.
1901 = 1,566,729 Pairs.

Business More Than Doubled in Four Years.

THE REASONS:

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's $3.00 and $3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the world.

W. L. Douglas $3.00 and $3.50 shoes placed side by side with $5.00 and $6.00 shoes of other makes, are found to be just as good. They will outwear two pairs of ordinary $3.00 and $3.50 shoes.

Made of the best leathers, including Patent Corona Kid, Corona Colt, and National Kangaroo. Fast Color Eyelets and Always Black Hooks Used.

W. L. Douglas $4.00 "Gilt Edge Line" cannot be equalled at any price.

Shoes by mail 25c. extra. Catalog free.

W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

RHEUMATISM Van Buren's Rheumatic Compound is the only positive cure. Past experience speaks for itself. Depot 83 S. California Ave., Chicago.

HAZARD "If your shooting has not been satisfactory, perhaps your powder was faulty. Try HAZARD SMOKELESS, or HAZARD BLACK, and be agreeably surprised at the result." GUN POWDER

READERS OF THIS PAPER DESIRING TO BUY ANYTHING ADVERTISED IN ITS COLUMNS SHOULD INSIST UPON HAVING WHAT THEY ASK FOR, REFUSING ALL SUBSTITUTES OR IMITATIONS.

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Eczema, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure, no matter how long standing. By mail, 63c. J. P. ALLEN, ST. PAUL, MINN.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, ATLANTA, GA.

OPIUM WHISKY and other drug habits cured. We want the worst cases. Book and references FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, Box 3, Atlanta, Ga.

A SAFE and profitable investment for a few more honorable persons with $100 to $1,000. J. F. Tredway, Secy., Coshocton, Ohio.

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

A. N. K.—C 1898

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

SEE THE

New Arrivals

FOR 1901!

Without a doubt the largest, high-class, popular manufactures of Cloths ever brought into Cameron county, at

R. SEGER & COMPANY'S.

We have taken especial care in the selection of our goods and propose giving our hundreds of customers.

HONEST, WELL-MADE GLOTHING AT LOWEST LIVING PRICES.

Every dollar's worth of goods must give the wearer satisfaction. We desire all who intend purchasing a suit of clothes this Fall to file their orders early, that care may be given to every customer, no matter whether you want a $15 or $40 suit.

R. SEGER & CO.

Opposite M. E. Church.

Madam French Female Pills. Dean's

A safe, certain relief for Suppressed Menstruation. Never known to fail. Safe! Sure! Speedy! Satisfaction Guaranteed or money Refunded. Sent prepaid for $1.00 per box. Will send them on trial, to be paid for when relieved. Samples Free.

UNITED MEDICAL CO., Box 74, LANCASTER, PA.

Sold in Emporium by L. Taggart.

Men Suffering

from loss of nervous force often owe their condition to youthful ignorance—that fearful enemy to health.

It is the business of science to repair the damage caused by the thoughtless practices of youth.

Nervous Debility never gets well of itself. Its victims drag through a miserable existence, weak, listless, despondent.

Sexine Pills

literally feed the hungry nerves, giving them the precise ingredients demanded by nature. This wonderful remedy cures Nervous Debility, stops all drains, replaces wasted tissues, sends rich, warm life blood tingling through every part, making every organ act and causing you to glow with health.

$1.00 per box; 6 boxes (with guarantee to cure), $5.00. Book free. Peal Medicine Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by R.C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa. 51

BANNER SALVE

The most healing salve in the world.

Store News.

DRESS GOODS, RAINYDAY SKIRTS, TABLE LINEN, TOWELING, BLANKETS, COMFORTERS, WHITE GOODS OF ALL KINDS.

We are now exhibiting a handsome line of White Goods, Ladies' Furs, Coats, Capes, etc.

The intelligent shoppers when they want to purchase, buy from parties whose standing is a guarantee for quality, and for this reason alone, we are the acknowledged leaders in the Dry Goods business in this county.

There is nothing in the above mentioned line that cannot be found at our store and the prices are always very reasonable.

M. C. TULIS.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles and cures Constipation. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

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C. G. SCHMIDT'S,

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Popular Bakery,

FRESH BREAD, PIES, FANCY CAKES, ICE CREAM, NUTS

CONFECTIONERY

Daily Delivery.

All orders given prompt and skillful attention.

PILES A cure guaranteed if you use RUDY'S PILE **Suppository**

D. Matt. Thompson, Supt. Graded Schools, Statesville, N. C., writes: "I can say they do all you claim for them." Dr. S. M. Devore, Raven Rock, W. Va., writes: "They give universal satisfaction." Dr. H. D. McGill, Clarksburg, Tenn., writes: "In a practice of 25 years, I have found no remedy to equal yours." Price, 50 Cents. Samples Free. Sold by Druggists. MARTIN RUDY, LANCASTER, PA.

Sold in Emporium by L. Taggart. Call for free sample.

DR. FENNER'S

Purifies The Blood — **Blood & Liver** — Builds Up The System

REMEDY AND

NERVE TONIC.

R. C. Dodson, Agent, Emporium, Pa

36-28ly.



REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT **FRENCH REMEDY**

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 16-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

For Sale in Emporium, by R. C. Dodson.

ALL SORTS.

The population of Nevada has shrunk to 42,000.

Many a bright and happy household has been thrown into sadness and sorrow because of the death of a loved one from a neglected cold. BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP is the great cure for coughs, colds and all pulmonary ailments. Price, 25 and 50 cents. L. Taggart.

Miscellaneous railroad traffic is now at its highest point in railroad history.

HERBINE should be used to enrich and purify the blood, it cures all forms of blood disorders, is especially useful in fevers, skin eruptions, boils, pimples, blackheads, scrofula, salt rheum and every form of blood impurity, it is a safe and effectual cure. Price, 50 cents. L. Taggart.

Baltimore pays about $300 a year for its display of flags on the municipal buildings.

Many of the blotches, pimples and other affections of the skin are caused by the failure of the liver and kidneys to cast off impurities, which remain in the system. HERBINE will stimulate the liver and kidneys, and cleanse the system of all impurities. Price, 50 cents. L. Taggart.

A house ready-made, but a wife to make.

If troubled with weak digestion, belching, sour stomach, or if you feel dull after eating, try Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at L. Taggart's drug store.

The population of New York City, Chicago and Philadelphia is almost one-twelfth of the country..

The fragile babe and the growing child are strengthened by WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE. It destroys worms, gets digestion at work, and so rebuilds the body. Price 25 cents. L. Taggart.

Prussia's recent action in making all railway return tickets valid 45 days has been followed by Saxon and Baded.

Whosoever has suffered from piles knows how painful and troublesome they are. TABLER'S BUCKEYE PILE OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure piles. Price 50 cents in bottles. Tubes, 75 cents. L. Taggart.

Night schools established a year ago in Honolulu to teach English to Hawaiians have been abolished because of nonattendance.

The properties of BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT possess a range of usefulness greater than any other remedy. A day seldom passes in every household, especially where there are children, that it is not needed. Price, 25 and 50 cents. L. Taggart.

He is happiest, be he king or peasant, who finds peace in his own home.

Head Feels Like Bursting.

Maybe you were out late last night? If you had taken a Krause's Headache Capsule before retiring your head would be cool and clear this morning. Take one now and you will be all right in an half hour. Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart.

Great hopes make great men.

Old Fashioned Cold Cure

are going out of date. The busy man of to-day cannot afford to lie abed a whole day and undergo the martydom of the sweating process. Krause's Cold Cure are capsules of convenient size, and can be taken without danger while performing your usual duties. They cure in 24 hours. Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart.

Home is where the great are often small, and the small are often great.

A Simple Cold Cure.

Krause's Cold Cure, in capsule form, is easy to take and does not affect the head or hearing like quinine. Try it today. Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart.

One's own thistle field is dearer to him than his neighbor's garden of roses.

Cut this out and take it to L. Taggart's drug store and get a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, the best physic. They also cure disorders of the stomach, biliousness and headache.

The smoke of a man's own house is better than the fire of another's.

The Secret of Long Life.

Consists in keeping all the main organs of the body in healthy, regular action, and in quickly destroying deadly disease germs. Electric Bitters regulates Stomach, Liver and Kidneys, purify the blood, and give a splendid appetite. They work wonders in curing Kidney Troubles, Female Complaints, Nervous Diseases, Constipation, Dyspepsia, and Malaria. Vigorous health and strength always follow their use. Only 50c, guaranteed by L. Taggart druggist.

Travel abroad, but dwell at home.

New Century Comfort.

Millions are daily finding a world of comfort in Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It kills pain from Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises; conquers Ulcers, and Fever Sores; cures Eruptions, Salt Rheum, Boils and Felons; removes Corns and Warts. Best Pile cure on earth. Only 25c at L. Taggart's drug store.

Every bird likes its own nest best.

Head Should Never Ache.

Never endure this trouble. Use at once the remedy that stopped it for Mrs. N. A. Webster, of Winnie, Va., she whites "Dr. King's New Life Pills wholly cured me of sick headaches I had suffered from for two years." Cure Headache, Constipation, Biliousness. 25c at L. Taggart's drug store.

Lumber Operations of U. S. Leather Company.

The United States Leather company, through its constituent companies, the Union and Elk Tanning companies and the Keystone Lumber company, will enter into the manufacture of lumber in Pennsylvania in 1902 more extensively than ever before in its history. From reserve lands a billion feet of hemlock and hardwood timber will be cut, the work to start next year and be carried on at the Tim Gray's Run track, on the Northern Central, where the old Proctor mill will be placed in operation, the Schraeder Creek tracts in Bradford county, where a mill will be built at the head of Barclay railroad, and along the Leetonia road in Tioga county, where 12,000,000 feet will probably be cut next year.—Williamsport Bulletin.

An article which will prove of the widest interest to all those engaged in teaching or who may be interested in education, is one in the January Cosmopolitan by Elisha Benjamin Andrews, ex-President of Brown University, who for the first time, in a leading magazine, has had the courage to show the great evils resulting from the private contract school-book system—educational officials corrupted, schoolbooks often the poorest selected, and the prices paid by the children themselves of the highest—an annual tax going up into the millions which could be very easily saved if proper organization were brought into this effort.

Colds.

To diminish excessive sensibility to colds, says an English writer: First: Free exposure to the open air daily, enables the body to resist the invasion of cold. Second: The morning cold sponging of the body, is an invaluable protection against changes of temperature. Third: This wise man did not know that a few doses of "77" will prevent, or taken at the beginning will "break up" a cold. At all druggists, or mailed on receipt of price, 25c. Doctor's book mailed free. Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine Co., Corner William and John streets, New York.

Two Faults.

"You hunt too much," said Louis XV. to the archbishop of Narbonne. "How can you prohibit your curates from hunting if you pass your life in setting them such an example?"

"Sire," said Dillon, "for my curates the chase is a fault; for myself it is the fault of my ancestors."

A Philosopher.

"Pa, what is a philosopher?"

"A philosopher, Jimmy, is a man who thinks he has got through being a fool."—Motherhood.

Warm hearted persons are not the ones who complain that this is a cold, cold world.—National Magazine.

Young folks grow most when they are in love. It increases their sighs wonderfully.

SECOND TO NONE.

Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.

396 to 408 Main St.—American Block,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

Best and Largest Assortment of Goods in Buffalo.

ADAM, MELDRUM & ANDERSON CO.,

396-408 Main Street,

The American Block,

BUFFALO, N. Y

PELTS AS CURRENCY

MINKS AND OTTERS WERE LIKE UNTO GOVERNMENT BONDS.

The Days When Muskrats and Coons and Foxes and Wolves and Bears Were the People's Money, So to Speak, In New York State.

The man of leisure from New York city who had been lazing away a fortnight or so of his not particularly valuable time at Kyserick, in Ulster county, N. Y., had made up his mind to return to his haunts in the metropolis and nonchalantly tossed the tavern keeper a one hundred dollar note out of which to take pay for his bill. The landlord could not change the note. Neither could Deacon Blimber, who was by.

It was not until it had been sent all about the neighborhood that any one was found with currency enough on hand to "break" the bill. Farmer Beacks had just received pay for his season's tater crop and had change for more than $100.

"It beats all, an' it's singular," said the landlord as he counted out the New Yorker's change, "what folks goes an' does with all their ready money. There don't seem to be no currency no more—no currency a-circulatin' at all."

This seemed to be Deacon Blimber's opportunity.

"You orto ben here, then," said he, "when my folks settled, somethin' like seventy-five years an' more ago. There was currency enough then, I want to tell ye. It wa'n't silver, though. Nor it wa'n't gold. Nor it wa'n't paper. It was pelts.

"The circ'latin' mejum o' the deestric in them days run from muskrat clean up to b'ar. There was minks an' there was otters, an' the man that could manage to harvest plenty o' them critters was the man that stood way up in the money market. But it wa'n't every one that could gether in minks an' otters, an' so muskrats an' coons an' foxes an' wolves an' b'ars was the real circ'latin' mejum in them days.

"Minks an' otters was what you mowt call gover'ment bonds. Muskrats an' coons an' foxes an' wolves an' b'ars was the people's money, so to speak. If you went to the tavern an' planked down your muskrat skin, you'd git your snifter o' rum and tanzy, but you wouldn't git no change. If you planked down a coonskin, though, you'd git your snifter an' two muskrat skins change.

"A feller that went in with a coonskin he was tol'able well fixed, but with a foxskin or a wolfskin he could shop around quite some. A man with a b'arskin—oh, well! Nobody didn't ask no questions about a man that had a b'arskin with him when he went tradin'!

"It didn't seem pertic'lar queer in them days the way things was run on that pelt currency, but I've an idee it'd strike folks a leetle sing'lar nowadays. 'Pears to me I'd have to snort out laughin' my own self if a feller should come to me an' say:

"'Deacon, I'm a leetle financially embarrassed today. Ken you lend me a foxskin for a couple o' days or so?'

"That surely would make me snicker if I heerd it now. An' to hear some shoppin' goin' on today like I use to hear it many a time I bet would set me to gigglin' like all possessed. Somethin' like this, fer instance, over yender to Uncle Sile's store:

"'How much fer them air cowskin boots, Uncle Sile?'

"'Them? Why, a fox an' a coon.'

"'Leetle high, Silas. Can't stan' it Give you three coons fer 'em.'

"'No. Can't be did nohow. Best I ken do is three coons an' a muskrat.'

"That'd be funnier to me than a nigger show now. An' somethin' like this would bu'st my buttons, I know it would:

"'Deacon, ken you give me change fer a wolf?'

"'Yes, but I'll have to give you all muskrats.'

"But we didn't think nothin' o' it in them days, 'cause it was reg'lar business. That circ'latin' mejum was a leetle onhandy in one way, though. Folks had to carry their currency around in a bushel bag if they was out to do much cash business, an' if they was b'arskin men, why, Judas preachin', they had to carry it in a wagon.

"But them days o' pelt currency was the good old days, I tell you. Still," said the deacon after a pause, "I dunno but I ken manage to slide along jest as cheerful in these days o' gold an' silver an' paper currency, even though it is all pervadin' skeerce."—New York Times.

Tastes Differ.

People have different tastes. Do not grumble at your neighbor because he does not accept your opinions and does not like your amusements. The writer of this does not like football, and a party of students on the streets giving a "yell" annoys him, but other people like football, and we are willing to stand the "yell" and football. It is foolish to condemn a man because his ideas do not agree with yours.—Atchison Globe.

Troubles of the Rich.

Mrs. Parvenue—The reason we stay longer in the country, my dear, is because your papa is beginning to make so much money.

Georgie—Say, ma, do you think we'll ever get so high toned that we will have to stay in the country till it's cold enough to freeze you?—Smart Set.

Promptness Unappreciated.

George—What's de matter, kid?

Willie—It's dis way (boohoo). De boss told me to be prompt about everything, an' now he's fired me because I was too prompt about goin' home.—Chicago News.

Dr. Humphreys'

Specifics cure by acting directly upon the disease, without exciting disorder in any other part of the system.

NO.	CURES.	PRICES.
1	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations.	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic...	.25
3	Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults.....	.25
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.....	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache.....	.25
9	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo..	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach.	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods....	.25
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods.....	.25
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness.....	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions..	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains.....	.25
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.....	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20	Whooping-Cough.....	.25
27	Kidney Diseases.....	.25
28	Nervous Debility.....	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed....	.25
77	Grip, Hay Fever.....	.25

Dr. Humphreys' Manual of all Diseases at your Druggists or Mailed Free.

Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price. Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York.

F. C. Corsets make AMERICAN BEAUTIES



We have them in all styles and shapes to fit every figure, and every corset is sold under this most liberal Warrant—"Money refunded after four weeks' trial if corset is not satisfactory.

Look for this Trade Mark on inside of corset and on box.

KALAMAZOO CORSET CO.

Sole Makers

Kalamazoo, Mich.

FOR SALE BY

39 H. A. ZARPS & CO.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

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